University of Wisconsin – River Falls

2018-2019

Annual Security Report
And
Annual Fire Report
The University of Wisconsin – River Falls is a safety leader among Wisconsin college campuses, and we work hard to keep safety a priority on our campus. Become an informed member of our campus community to protect yourself, and others, and to help keep UW-River Falls a welcoming place. The following important information about safety, security, crime, crime prevention, Housing fire safety policies, training and information regarding any fires that occurred in on-campus student housing are included in this report, no additional information regarding fire statistics is required and therefore is not recorded in this report.

**Report Preparation:** The Annual Security Report is prepared by the University of Wisconsin-River Falls Police Department. Included in this report are crime, arrest and referral information from University Police, local police, Student Conduct and Community Standards, Residence Life, advisors to student organizations, athletic director, coaches and others, including confidential reports, that are shared with University Police for inclusion in this report.

A Copy of this Document will be Available upon Request to the:

**University of Wisconsin-River Falls Police Department**

715 Wild Rose Avenue  
RDI 103  
River Falls, WI 54220  
(715) 435-3133  
police@uwrf.edu
UW-River Falls Community,

I am pleased to introduce the 2017 Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (ASR) for the 2017 calendar year for the University of Wisconsin-River Falls. The ASR is provided to you in accordance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act. You will find a wide variety of Security information as well as Crime statistics for the past three calendar years in this report.

The safety and well-being of our students, faculty, staff, and visitors are our foremost concern. The best protections against campus crime are: a strong law enforcement presence; an aware, informed, alert campus community; and a commitment to reporting suspicious activities and behaviors as well as using common sense when carrying out daily activities.

The University of Wisconsin-River Falls strives to reduce risk and the potential for crime in our community. However in spite of our best efforts, crimes may still take place as reflected in our statistics.

Notice of this information will be sent to all students and employees each October, via the campus e-mail system. This information is also available to any applicant for enrollment or employment.

We hope you have a successful and safe year.

Sincerely,

Karl Fleury
Chief of Police
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**QUICK VIEW OF RESOURCES** .............................................................................................................. 4  
Reporting Behavior Concerns: .................................................................................................................. 4  
  We Encourage You to Report Such Incidents to:.................................................................................. 4  
Counseling and Health: ............................................................................................................................ 4  
Off Campus Resources for Assistance: ..................................................................................................... 5  
Campus Offices for Assistance: ................................................................................................................. 5  
Non-Emergency Phone Numbers: ............................................................................................................. 5  
Title IX: ................................................................................................................................................... 6  
Clergy Act: ............................................................................................................................................... 6  
**EMERGENCIES** .................................................................................................................................... 7  
Campus Safety, Security and Law Enforcement: ......................................................................................... 7  
Making a Report: ....................................................................................................................................... 7  
  Emergencies: ......................................................................................................................................... 7  
  When Reporting an Emergency: .............................................................................................................. 7  
  Reporting Suspicious Activity: .............................................................................................................. 8  
  Voluntary Reporting: ............................................................................................................................. 8  
  Confidential Reporting: .......................................................................................................................... 8  
    • Speak with an officer or staff.............................................................................................................. 9  
    • Locked out of your office ................................................................................................................... 9  
    • Car won’t start and need to use jumper box .................................................................................... 9  
Guidelines of when to call 911 v.s. Non-Emergency lines for Pierce County Dispatch or UWRF PD: ....... 9  
Guidelines of when to call 911 .................................................................................................................. 10  
Emergency Response: ................................................................................................................................. 11  
Emergency Communication: ..................................................................................................................... 11  
**Types of Emergencies** .......................................................................................................................... 11  
  Criminal Activity: ................................................................................................................................... 11  
  Behavior Concerns: ................................................................................................................................. 12  
  Bomb Threats: ....................................................................................................................................... 13  
  Fire: ........................................................................................................................................................ 13  
    Know what to do in Case of Fire: ......................................................................................................... 14  
Medical Emergencies: ................................................................................................................................. 14  
  Minor Injuries or Illnesses: ..................................................................................................................... 15  
  Hazardous Materials Spill or Release: .................................................................................................... 15  
  This is an Emergency and You Should: ................................................................................................. 15  
  Fuel Spills: ............................................................................................................................................. 15  
  Hazardous Odors or Leaks: ..................................................................................................................... 15  
    In the Event of Gas Leaks or Visible Fire from Gas Cylinders or Piping: ........................................... 16  
    Evacuation: ....................................................................................................................................... 16  
Utility Failures: ......................................................................................................................................... 16  
  Electrical Failure: .................................................................................................................................... 16  
  Steam Leaks: ....................................................................................................................................... 16  
  Water Leaks / Flooding: ......................................................................................................................... 16  
Weather Emergencies: ................................................................................................................................. 17  
  Severe Thunderstorms: ......................................................................................................................... 17  
  Tornado: ............................................................................................................................................... 17  
Emergency Actions: ................................................................................................................................. 17  
  Shelter in Place: .................................................................................................................................... 17  
  Building Evacuation Evacuate a Building When: ................................................................................ 18  
  While Evacuating the Building: ............................................................................................................ 18  
  In Case of Building Evacuation (Fire Alarm, Chemical Spill, Bomb Threat, etc.) .................................. 18  
  Persons with Disabilities: ....................................................................................................................... 18  
    If You Have a Disability and Are Unable to Evacuate: ...................................................................... 18  
Notifications: .......................................................................................................................................... 19  
  Timely Warnings: ................................................................................................................................. 19  
  Emergency Notifications: ..................................................................................................................... 19  
  Missing Student Notification: .............................................................................................................. 20  
**SAFETY** .................................................................................................................................................. 20
Investigation, Adjudication and Sanction

Enforcement & Prevention

Crime and Fire Statistics

Preventative Education and Training

Other Resource

Safety Training and Resources

Safety Tips

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures

Fire Safety

Voluntary Text Messaging Emergency Notification System

Other Resources

Local Police

Crime Prevention

Sexual Assault, Stalking, Domestic Violence (VAWA Crimes)

Illegal Drugs

Victim Assistance

Exits

False Alarms

Safety Training and Resources

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures

Smoke Alarms

Other Resources

Local Police

Safety Tips for Computers

Shopping in Cyberspace

Street Smarts

Winter Driving Tips

Safety Tips

Voluntary Text Messaging Emergency Notification System

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures

Security and Access to Campus Facilities

Other Resources

Local Police

Illegal Drugs

Alcohol

Registered Sex Offenders

Victim Assistance

Registered Sex Offenders

Smoke Alarms

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures

Evacuation Procedures

Smoke Alarms

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures

Evacuation Procedures
Sanctions ............................................................
VAWA Sanctions ............................................................
Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code UWS 17 ............................................................
APPENDIX “A” ............................................................
UW-River Falls Emergency Notification and Timely Warning Policy ............................................................
UW-River Falls Protocols for Emergency Notification and Timely Warning Under the Clery Act ............
APPENDIX “B” ............................................................
Checklist – When You Receive a Bomb Threat ............................................................
APPENDIX “C” ............................................................
Policy on Violence and Threats ..............................................................................
QUICK VIEW OF RESOURCES

Reporting Emergencies:

**Call 911 in ALL emergencies or**

**WHEN REPORTING AN EMERGENCY:**
- Stay on the line with the dispatcher.
- Provide the address, location and a description of the emergency.
- Provide the phone number at your location.
- Provide a thorough description of the incident to assure appropriate resources are dispatched.

Reporting Behavior Concerns:

If you are concerned a community member (student, faculty, staff or visitor) is in crisis or contemplating harming themselves or others, or about actions you believe may be bias motivated

**We Encourage You to Report Such Incidents to:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student Conduct and Community Standards</td>
<td>715-425-4844</td>
<td>For student behaviors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td>715-425-3518</td>
<td>For employee behaviors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Police / Pierce County Comm. Center</td>
<td>715-273-5051</td>
<td>If you suspect possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>immediate harm call 911</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Counseling and Health

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student Health and Counseling Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Health</td>
<td>715-425-3293</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Counseling</td>
<td>715-425-3884</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibrant Health Family Clinics</td>
<td>715-425-6701</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>River Falls Hospital</td>
<td>715-307-6000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minneapolis VA Health Care System</td>
<td>612-725-2000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pierce County Mental Health Services</td>
<td>715-273-6770</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Croix Valley Sexual Response Team (SART)</td>
<td>715-425-6443</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Turningpoint for Victims of Domestic and Sexual Violence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crisis Line</td>
<td>1-800-345-5104</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Phone</td>
<td>715-425-6751</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Hotline</td>
<td>715-821-8626</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alcoholics Anonymous

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AnonymouS</td>
<td>715-835-5543</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SCV Restorative Justice Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AnonymouS</td>
<td>715-425-1100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Domestic Violence Hotline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AnonymouS</td>
<td>1-800-799-7233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AnonymouS</td>
<td>1-800-273-8255</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Sexual Assault Hotline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AnonymouS</td>
<td>1-800-656-4673</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Off Campus Resources for Assistance:**

River Falls Police Department (24 hours)  
125 East Elm Street  
River Falls, WI 54022  
Emergency 911  
Non-Emergency 715-425-0909

Pierce County Sheriff’s Department (24 hours)  
432 West Main St.  
Ellsworth, WI 54011  
715-273-5051

St Croix County Sheriff’s Department (24 hours)  
1101 Carmichael Road  
Hudson, WI 54016  
715-381-4320

**Campus Offices for Assistance:**

Student Conduct and Community Standards:  
B3 East Hathorn Hall  
620 South Third Street  
River Falls, WI 54022  
(715) 425-4844

University Housing: Office of Residence Life  
B3 East Hathorn Hall  
620 South Third Street  
River Falls, WI 54022  
(715) 425-4555

University Police:  
103 Regional Development Institute  
715 Wild Rose Ave.  
(715) 425-3133

Human Resources:  
216 and 218 North Hall  
410 South Third Street  
River Falls, WI 54022  
(715) 425-3518

Office of International Education:  
102 Hagestad  
262 East Cascade Avenue  
River Falls, WI 54022

International Student Services (715) 425-4982  
Education Abroad 715-435-3238

Bursar Student Billing:  
215 North Hall  
410 South Third Street  
River Falls, WI 54022  
(715) 425-3145

Student Health and Counseling Services:  
211 Hagestad Hall  
262 E. Cascade Ave.  
River Falls, WI 54022

Student Counseling Services (715) 425-3884  
Student Health Services (715) 425-3293

**Non-Emergency Phone Numbers:**

The following numbers are provided for non-emergency situations. Use of these numbers will still provide a prompt response from the responsible agency and keep 911 lines free for emergencies. All 911 calls are voice and TTY.

- University Police: 715-425-3133  
- Risk Management: 715-425-3344  
- Facilities Management: 715-425-3827  
- River Falls Police: 715-425-0909  
- Pierce County Sheriff: 715-273-5051  
- St. Croix County Sheriff: 715-381-4320
Title IX:

Title IX Coordinator:
Gregg Heinselman, Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs
170 University Center
501 Wild Rose Ave.
River Falls, WI 54022
(715) 425-0720

Director of Human Resources:
Michelle Drost
216 North Hall
410 S. Third Street
River Falls, WI 54022
(715) 425-3073

Director of Student Conduct and Community Standards:
Thomas Pedersen
B3 East Hathorn
620 S. Third Street
River Falls, WI 54022
(715) 425-0720

Clery Act:

Clery Compliance Officer:
Karl Fleury
103 Regional Development Institute
715 Wild Rose Ave.
River Falls, WI 54420
(715) 425-3133
EMERGENCIES

Campus Safety, Security and Law Enforcement

Enforcement Authority: In accordance with s. 36.11 (2), Wisconsin Statutes, UW-River Falls is staffed by police officers who meet the standards of the Wisconsin Law Enforcement Standards Board and have the power to arrest and bring before the proper courts, persons violating the law on University property. University Police officers cooperate with local police authorities in the exercise of their responsibilities. Local police respond when requested. It is the policy of University Police to encourage accurate and prompt reporting of all crimes to our agency or the appropriate local police authorities, which includes River Falls Police Department (715-425-0909) and Pierce County Sheriff’s Department (715-273-5051). University Police patrols facilities and grounds 24 hours every day.

Emergency Response: UW-River Falls police officers will respond to all emergencies, crimes, complaints or situations that may cause a significant emergency or dangerous situation in accordance with established law enforcement procedures to confirm, mitigate, investigate, document and summon appropriate resources as necessary. Assistance from River Falls Police, Fire, Ambulance or other emergency services is provided upon request.

Making a Report

Emergencies:

Call 911

What Is An Emergency?

An emergency is any threat to life and/or property that requires immediate response from police, fire or ambulance. Some examples of emergencies are crimes in progress, any kind of fire or a serious injury or illness. If you are not sure if an incident falls into an emergency classification, error on the side of caution and call 911 when an immediate response is needed.

When Reporting an Emergency:

- Stay on the line with the dispatcher.
- Provide the address, location and a description of the emergency.
- Provide the phone number at your location.
- Provide a thorough description of the incident to assure appropriate resources are dispatched.

Reporting Crimes

All members of the campus community are urged to immediately report crimes, suspicious actions, fires, or other emergencies occurring on the campus to University Police. This includes crimes as defined by the Violence Against Women Act (sexual assault, stalking, domestic violence, dating violence). A sworn law enforcement officer will actively investigate all allegations of criminal acts, UWS violations, and incidents or service related calls that occur on University Lands to ensure safety of persons on University Lands. The investigation must be fair, objective, and specific. Clery reported crimes or policy violations involving students will be documented and forwarded to the appropriate campus stakeholders such as the office of Student Conduct and Community Standards. Crimes involving continued emergency threats or emergency situations can also result in timely or emergency notifications. Verification of the emergency threat or emergency situation will be made by University Police independently or in conjunction with other emergency service providers who process information required to make the determination of the
existence of an emergency.

In response to an emergency the university may draw upon the resources of the River Falls Police Department, Pierce County Sheriff’s Department, River Falls Fire Department, Wisconsin State Patrol and other UW-Police Departments. University Police will make a request for law enforcement mutual aid if necessary. The coordination of these additional resources will be made through University Police.

For an emergency or for a crime in progress students, staff and campus visitors can call 911 or use the emergency phones (blue lights) or elevator emergency telephones. All other reports may be made by calling Pierce County Sheriff’s Department dispatch at 715-273-5051 to have a University Police Officer dispatched, or by reporting in person to UWRF Police Department, located in the Regional Development Institute Building, Room 103, 715 Wild Rose Avenue.

**Reporting Suspicious Activity:**

One of the most effective ways to assist law enforcement is reporting suspicious activities to University Police. Persons seeing suspicious individuals or activities can call the Pierce County Sheriff’s Department Dispatch Center at 715-273-5051 to have a University Police officer dispatched to the call.

Inform dispatch personnel of the incident, time and location. (i.e. a description of person or vehicle.)

- Remain calm
- Speak clearly
- Give as many details as possible

**Voluntary Reporting:**

Victim or witnesses may report a crime on a voluntary basis to Student Conduct and Community Standards (715-425-4844), or Residence Life (715-425-4555). Reports of this nature are filed with University Police for inclusion in the annual security report and the university’s crime statistics. There will be no formal police investigation of the incident unless requested, or if the report creates a safety concern for self or others.

**Confidential Reporting:**

Victim or witnesses may report a crime on a confidential basis to counselors at the Counseling & Health Center (715-425-3884), who are the only professional counselors on campus as defined under the Clery Act. UW-River Falls does not have pastoral counselors on campus for Clery purposes. Reports of this nature are filed with University Police for inclusion in the annual security report and the university’s crime statistics. There will be no formal police investigation of the incident unless requested, or if the report creates a safety concern for self or others. Counselors at Student Health and Counseling Services, informed by persons being counseled of a crime, are encouraged to inform the client that crimes can be reported to them or to Student Conduct and Community Standards on a voluntary basis for inclusion in the university’s crime statistics.
# Guidelines of when to call 911 or Non-Emergency lines for Pierce County Dispatch or UWRF PD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Call 911</th>
<th>Call 715-273-5051</th>
<th>Call 715-425-3133</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In an emergency where there is an immediate threat to life or property that requires immediate response from ambulance, fire or police</td>
<td>To report a non-emergency crime that is not in progress, or a motor vehicle accident with no injuries.</td>
<td>For all other assistance or to speak with an officer or other staff</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Examples of emergency situations can be:**
  - An accident with possible injuries, or road blockage.
  - Crimes in progress (one taking place right now or just took place) such as an assault, burglary, robbery, theft, etc.
  - Any situation where someone is seriously injured, ill or in immediate danger.

- **Examples of when to use**
  - Report a non-emergency crime that is not in progress (is not happening or did not just happen)
  - Motor vehicle accident with no injuries
  - It is not meant to be used for routine requests for assistance or service.

- **Examples of when to use**
  - Speak with an officer or staff
  - Locked out of your office
  - Car won’t start and need to use jumper box.

- Calling 911 puts you in contact with Pierce County Sheriff’s Communications Center. They will in turn send the appropriate emergency services, including University Police.
  - They may ask you questions like:
    - The nature of the emergency?
    - Where is the emergency? (building, room number, what is it near)

- Dialing this number puts you in contact with Pierce County Sheriff’s Dept. Communications Center. They will in turn send the appropriate services, including University Police.
  - They may ask you questions like:
    - The nature of the crime or accident?
    - Where did it happen? (building, room number, what is it near)

- Puts you in contact with office staff:
  - Normal Business Hours
## Guidelines of when to call 911

### Call 911
In an emergency where there is an immediate threat to life or property that requires immediate response from ambulance, fire or police.

### Call 715-273-5051
To report a non-emergency crime that is not in progress, or a motor vehicle accident with no injuries.

### Call 715-425-3133
For all other assistance or to speak with an officer or other staff.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question 1</th>
<th>Question 2</th>
<th>Question 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Is anyone injured, ill or in danger?</td>
<td>• Is anyone injured, ill or in danger?</td>
<td>• The nature of the incident or assistance requested?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• When did it happen?</td>
<td>• When did it happen?</td>
<td>• Where?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Does anyone have access to any weapons?</td>
<td>• Does anyone have access to any weapons?</td>
<td>• When?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Your name?</td>
<td>• Your name?</td>
<td>• Your name?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• What phone number can you be reached at if we need to call you back?</td>
<td>• What phone number can you be reached at if we need to call you back?</td>
<td>• What phone number can you be reached at if we need to call you back?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

While the call taker is asking you information they are also entering the information into the computer aided dispatch (CAD) system, which allows another dispatcher to instantly process the call and send help.

While the call taker is asking you information they are also entering the information into the computer aided dispatch (CAD) system, which allows another dispatcher to instantly process the call and send help.
Emergency Response

University Police or University Communication will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus by one or more of the following: public address system, InformaCast emergency text messaging system, university computer network message system, e-mail, our website at https://www.uwrf.edu/Police/, and/or the University’s main website at https://www.uwrf.edu/.

The university will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Immediately upon report of a significant emergency, University Police will be dispatched to assess and respond to the situation and shall make an initial determination if a significant emergency exists. If a significant emergency exists, University Communications and Marketing, Assistant Chancellor of Business and Finance, Chancellors Office and the Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs, will immediately determine the content and send out an initial emergency notification as indicated by the nature of the emergency. Policy and Protocols are available in Appendix “A”

Emergency Communication

Timely and accurate communication during an emergency is important. Depending upon the nature of the emergency, the University community will be alerted through the use of one or more of the following:

- Campus public address system
- Campus e-mail
- Computer network pop-up messages for those logged on to a UW-River Falls networked computer
- University’s Web site (https://www.uwrf.edu/)
- Phone
- Other means available
- When appropriate, the local media will also be notified. Periodic updates will be provided through the same means.

If the University releases an emergency warning or notification, we ask that you pass this information on to friends and family if it is safe to do so. It is our desire to use as many sources as possible to keep the community informed and you play a vital role in this communication process.

Types of Emergencies

Criminal Activity

If you observe a crime in progress or behavior that you suspect is criminal, immediately notify University Police by calling 911.

To report a non-emergency crime that is not in progress call Pierce County Dispatch at 715-273-5051

Please be prepared to provide as much of the following information as possible:

- Where is it happening?
• What is the person doing?
• How many people are involved?
• Physical and clothing description of those involved.
• Are weapons involved?
• Vehicle description and license plate number.
• Direction of travel if known.
• Has anyone been injured?

DO NOT approach or attempt to apprehend the person(s) involved. Stay on the phone with the police dispatcher to provide additional information, until the police arrive.

Report things that are unusual or suspicious!

If you are dealing with a suspicious person:
• Remain calm, have a supervisor or co-worker assist you.
• If you need assistance, call Pierce County Dispatch at 715-273-5051 to have a UWRF Police Officer dispatched.
• If threatened, call 911.

If a hostile person(s) is actively causing death or serious bodily injury or the threat of imminent death or serious bodily injury to person(s) within the building:
• If possible to do so safely, exit building, moving away from danger.
• If directly involved and exiting the building is not possible:
  o Seek cover and stay out of open areas.
  o Close doors and lock; if not possible, consider barricading the door.
  o Turn off lights and remain quiet.
  o Move out of sight, seek cover under or behind objects, e.g. desk, table, etc.

Behavior Concerns

If You are Concerned:
• A community member (student, faculty, staff or visitor) is in crisis or
• Contemplating harming themselves or others, or
• About actions you believe may be bias motivated

We Encourage You to Report Such Incidents to:

Student Conduct and Community Standards 715-425-4844 For student behaviors
Human Resources 715-425-3518 For employee behaviors
University Police / Pierce County Comm. Center 715-273-5051 If you suspect possible immediate harm call 911

Examples of Behaviors to Report Include:
• Causing self-injury or threatening suicide
• Erratic and/or threatening behavior towards others
• Bias motivated incidents, which may include but not be limited to the use of degrading language or slurs, spoken or written.
If you are unsure as to whether or not the behavior warrants reporting, we ask that you still call.

Student Conduct and Community Standards, Residence Life, Counseling, Human Resources and University Police work together as a team to provide assistance or early intervention, and to address threatening behavior to help prevent incidents. Equally important is to help those in difficult times, and in crisis.

Faculty and Staff — Student Confrontation

A confrontation with a student can occur inside or outside the classroom, in person or electronically.

- If the situation is critical, someone is threatening to injure themselves or others, immediately call 911.
- If the situation has you concerned, but is not critical and you would like to discuss the incident and possible follow-up, consult with your unit chair, the appropriate academic dean’s office or Student Conduct and Community Standards.
- If the confrontation constitutes a student disruption which needs to be addressed or possible violence or threat, the office of Student Conduct and Community Standards or the office of your academic dean is available to discuss options and next steps.

Bomb Threats

If you receive a bomb threat by telephone, here are some helpful things to keep in mind:

1. **Remain calm.** When bomb threat is received, the person taking the call must remain calm and obtain as much information as possible.
   a. **DO NOT HANG UP, even if caller is no longer on the line.**
   b. **If possible, have someone call 911, while you are on the phone.**
   c. **DO NOT put the caller on hold.**
   d. **DO NOT attempt to transfer the call.**

2. Pay close attention to the caller and his/her words and speech:
   a. Does the caller have any distinguishing voice characteristics such as an accent, stuttering, mispronunciation?
   b. Is the caller angry, excited, irrational or agitated?
   c. Is the caller a man or woman, young, middle-aged, old?
   d. If you have caller ID, please note the phone number of the caller

3. Listen for background noises (traffic, train whistle, music, radio, TV, children, etc.).

4. It is important that you document all that you know and hear.
   a. This should include filling out the **Bomb Threat Checklist.**

5. If caller hangs up, **DO NOT** hang up your phone. Use another phone line to immediately notify Police at 911. *Bomb threat checklist available in Appendix “B”*

Fire

Upon discovering smoke, fire, or flames in the building:

- Evacuate and activate the fire alarm system by pulling the nearest fire alarm.
- Use nearest exit or alternate safe route.
- From a safe location (assembly point if one has been established for your office) **call 911** and be prepared to give:
  - Building Name
  - Floor
  - Room Number
  - Type of Incident
Do not use elevators during a fire emergency.

- When the fire alarm sounds:
  - Immediately evacuate the facility.
  - Walk, do not run to the nearest exit and proceed to ground level.
  - If an exit is blocked by smoke, fire or fumes, use an alternative exit.
  - If it is safe to do so, close all doors and windows as you leave.
- Leave the building and move at least 500 feet away, leaving the driveways and walkways open for arriving police and fire equipment.
- DO NOT enter building until given the all clear from University Police or the Fire Department.
- Someone familiar with the situation and who knows the area involved should meet the Fire Department. Someone with keys, which may be needed to allow firefighters access to affected areas, should make themselves available upon arrival of the Fire Department.
- Notify firefighters on the scene if you suspect someone may be trapped inside the building.

Before a Fire: Planning and Preparation

- Fire alarm pull stations are located near exterior exits
- Know the location(s) of the nearest exit
- Know alternative evacuation routes out of building
- Practice exiting your area by imagining you are in a dark, smoky environment – count doorways, turns, etc.
- Report potential hazards or fire prevention questions to University Police Staff at 715-425-3133.

Know what to do in Case of Fire

The time to get prepared is now – because there is no time in an emergency. Know the location of:

- Fire extinguishers:
  - Understand the types and how to use them.
- Fire alarms:
  - If an alarm is sounded immediately, it can protect property and save lives.
- Fire exit:
  - Know where they are, and be sure they open easily and are free of obstructions.

Medical Emergencies

Remember!

- DO NOT approach persons injured by electrocution or toxic exposure unless they are clearly away from the hazard.
- DO NOT move a seriously injured person unless he or she is in an unsafe area. If the victim must be moved, move as a unit, always supporting the head and neck.
- DO NOT bend or twist the injured person’s body.

Call 911

Be Prepared to Give the 911 Dispatcher the Following Information:

- Location of the emergency.
- What happened?
- Number of persons injured.
- Is the injured person conscious?
- Is the injured person breathing?
- Is there severe bleeding?
- After calling 911, stay with the victim until help arrives.
• Restore or maintain breathing and heartbeat.
• Stop severe bleeding with direct pressure when possible.
• Keep victim warm.

**Minor Injuries or Illnesses:**
• Certain basic clinical health services are covered for UWRF students by Student Health Services through: Vibrant Health Family Clinic in River Falls: 1687 East Division Street. For an appointment call 715-425-6701. Taxi Service free with student ID.
• Employees and others contact personal medical care provider.

**Remember Universal Precautions**
*Protect yourself from blood and bodily fluids.*

**Auto Accidents**
• If you have an accident involving damage or injuries, notify the police immediately.
• Give location, number of vehicles and names of the parties involved.
• Exchange names, addresses, phone numbers, insurance information and license plate numbers.

**Hazardous Materials Spill or Release**
If you create or discover a chemical spill or release and
• Type or quantity of chemical spilled poses an immediate risk to health, or
• Someone is injured or ill, or
• There is a fire or explosion

**This is an Emergency and You Should:**
• Close off area to prevent further contamination and restrict access to the area.
• Activate the fire alarm. Evacuate the building or area. Move upwind.
• From a safe location, call 911 and provide:
  ➢ Your name.
  ➢ Name of material spilled, if known.
  ➢ Estimated amount.
  ➢ Exact location of spill.
  ➢ Report of injuries.
  ➢ Actions you have taken.

Can I clean up the spill?

**Yes IF:**
• There are no injuries.
• No life or fire hazard.
• Not highly reactive or toxic.
• You have proper training and equipment.

**Fuel Spills**
Report immediately to Facilities Management and or the Director of Facilities Management, 715-425-3827.

**Hazardous Odors or Leaks**
Report any hazardous gas leaks by calling 911.
In the Event of Gas Leaks or Visible Fire from Gas Cylinders or Piping:

- Evacuate the area and call 911 and follow all instructions given to you by the 911 dispatcher.
- If it is an explosive gas (e.g. natural gas), DO NOT use or activate items that can generate a spark in the general vicinity. Light switches, fire alarm pull stations, phones, elevator cars, etc., are all sources that can initiate a spark, which could ignite explosive gas.
- Confine any fire or fumes to the extent possible (close off any doors to the affected area, if you can do so safely as you evacuate). This will help limit the impact of the leak or fire.
- Notify others in the immediate area, if you can do so safely.

Evacuation:

- If necessary to evacuate the building, use nearest available exit.
- DO NOT activate the fire alarm.
- Do not use an elevator.
- Confine any fire or gases to the extent possible by closing doors behind you as you leave.
- Upon exiting the building, get a safe distance from the building (at least 500 feet away).
- Move upwind of the leak.
- Leave adequate room for police and other emergency responders.
- Do not enter the building until given approval by fire or police.
- If you have information about the source of the odor or leak, give the information to police or fire personnel at the scene.

Utility Failures

Report any utility failure, leaks or flooding to Facilities Management, 715-425-3827.

Electrical Failure:

- Electricians will assess the situation and determine the appropriate course of action.
- In the event of a significant power failure, the building’s emergency generator (if so equipped) will provide limited electricity to crucial areas of the building, including emergency lighting.
- Turn off all electrical equipment including computers. Do not turn any electrical equipment back on until given the approval of your supervisor.
- Most buildings are equipped with emergency lighting to allow for evacuation and not designed for normal operations.
- Remember: Elevators will not function in a power failure.
- If trapped in an elevator, use the elevator’s emergency phone to notify University Police.

Steam Leaks:

- If the steam leak is inside the building, evacuate the area and close the door behind you. Steam can cause severe burns, displace oxygen, and moisture from steam can conduct electricity.
- A steam leak may cause the building’s fire alarm to sound. Even if you have determined the problem is a steam leak, exit the building immediately.

Water Leaks / Flooding:

- In the event of water leaks, try to contain the leakage in a container to minimize damage or safety hazards. If it is a significant water leak, avoid the area where water has accumulated, and wait for help.
- Immediately cease use of all electrical equipment because water is an excellent conductor of electricity making electric shock a strong possibility.
- If the leak is from an unknown source, avoid contact with leaking material.
- It may be hazardous. In case of accidental contact, wash immediately and thoroughly with soap and water.
Weather Emergencies

Severe Thunderstorms
Watch: Conditions are right for a severe thunderstorm. Continue with normal activities, but continue to monitor the situation.

Warning: Severe thunderstorms are occurring. Be prepared to move to shelter if threatening weather approaches.
   • Remain indoors and away from windows until the severe storm passes. If large hail begins to fall, seek immediate shelter. Report any injuries by calling 911

Tornado
Watch: Conditions are right for a tornado to develop. Continue with normal activities, but continue to monitor the situation.

Warning: Radar or weather spotters have identified a tornado. The emergency sirens will sound a steady tone for three minutes or longer if there is danger in the immediate area.
Take the following actions:
   • SEEK IMMEDIATE SHELTER when the warning siren sounds, preferably in a basement or below-ground location.
   • If you are in a residence hall or campus building immediately proceed to a designated tornado shelter. Tornado shelters are designated with yellow signage throughout the residence halls.
   • In a multi-story building, seek shelter in an interior hall, room or lower floor.
   • Stay away from outside walls, exterior doors, and glass windows or partitions. DO NOT open windows.
   • Basements and interior hallways or rooms on lower floors offer good shelter.
   • In vehicles, get out and seek shelter in a nearby well-built structure. If you cannot find a well-built structure nearby, seek out a ditch or ravine, which can offer some protection. Lay face down, with hands covering your head.
   • After the all-clear signal, leave badly damaged buildings if it is safe to do so. Elevators may not work in damaged buildings (the electrical power may be out or there may be damage to the elevator equipment).
   • If you are surrounded by debris, be aware that removing some of it can cause other debris or part of the building to collapse. If it is not safe or possible to leave the area, stay there until assisted out.
   • DO NOT attempt to return to the building unless directed to do so by University Police.
   • DO NOT attempt to turn on or off any utilities or other equipment.

Emergency Actions

Shelter in Place
If instructed to Shelter in Place (Tornado, Severe Weather, Building Intruder, etc.)
   • Do not exit building.
   • If you are in a classroom when the “shelter in place” directive is given, remain in the classroom.
   • If you are in a hallway or office area when the “shelter in place” directive is given, move to an interior, windowless room if possible.
   • Close all doors and windows.
• Seek shelter in a room with no windows, on the interior of the building if possible. Note the room number. **Call 911 if it is a building intruder.**
  o Answer all the dispatcher’s questions and they will relay your location to first responders.

**Building Evacuation**

**Evacuate a Building When:**
- An alarm sounds.
- If notified by emergency personnel, or by other means inclusive of emergency notification.

**While Evacuating the Building:**
- **DO NOT USE ELEVATORS** during an evacuation. Emergency personnel may use an elevator for evacuation after review of the circumstances.
- Walk quickly to the nearest marked exit and ask others to do the same.
- Once outside, move clear of the building allowing others to exit. Keep streets and walkways clear for emergency vehicles and crews.
- **DO NOT return to an evacuated building until advised by emergency personnel.**
- Be aware of people with disabilities who may require assistance in an emergency evacuation.

**In Case of Building Evacuation (Fire Alarm, Chemical Spill, Bomb Threat, etc.)**
- **EXIT** the building immediately using the most direct route.
- If unable to do so on your own – Ask for assistance to the nearest EXIT or
- Ask someone leaving the building to notify emergency personnel of your location so that you can get the assistance you need.
- If a phone is available, call 911.
- Answer all the dispatcher’s questions and they will relay your location to first responders.
- In all other cases, if in imminent danger and no one can assist you evacuate by any means possible.

**Persons with Disabilities**
- Individuals who need assistance during an evacuation should identify and discuss with someone, in advance, who might assist them in leaving the building and/or who will inform emergency personnel of their presence and where they are located so that further assistance can be provided.
- It is suggested that people with disabilities prepare for emergencies by learning the locations of exit corridors and enclosed stairwells and by informing co-workers, faculty, and/or classmates of the best way to assist during an emergency.
- For more information about Persons with Disabilities and Planning for Emergency Situations, contact Ability Services at 715-425-0740. Their office is located in 129 Hagestad Hall.

**If You Have a Disability and Are Unable to Evacuate:**
- Stay calm and take steps to protect yourself. If there is a working telephone, call 911 and tell the dispatcher where you are or where you will be going.
- Move to an enclosed stairwell.
- Request persons exiting by stairwell to notify University Police or Emergency Personnel of your location.
- As soon as practical, move onto the stairway and wait for University Police or Emergency Personnel.
Notifications

Timely Warnings

UW – River Falls is committed to insuring Timely Warnings are made in a manner that is timely to members of the community of the occurrence of Clery act crimes: Criminal homicide (murder, non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter), Sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest and statutory rape), robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle theft and Arson or other serious crimes against people that occur on campus or near campus, when it is determined that the incident may pose an ongoing threat to the members of the campus community. Students and employees with information about Clery Crimes or other serious crimes against people on or near campus should immediately call 911, and or contact University Police 715-425-3133, Student Conduct and Community Standards 715-425-4844, Residence Life 715-425-4555, Student Health and Counseling Services 715-425-3884, River Falls Police Department 715-425-0909 or the Pierce County Sheriff’s Department at 715-273-5051. When time permits, UWRF PD will consult with one or more of the following offices in order to develop Timely Warning notices for the campus community and which segments of the campus are impacted and require notification: Marketing and University Communications, Assistant Chancellor of Business and Finance, Chancellors Office and the Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs. UWRF PD or University Communications will distribute a notification by one or more of the following: public address system, InformaCast emergency text messaging system, university computer network pop up message system, e-mail, our website at https://www.uwrf.edu/Police/ and/or the University’s main website at https://www.uwrf.edu/. Protocols available in Appendix “A”

Emergency Notifications

UW – River Falls is committed to insuring Emergency Notifications are made in a manner that is timely to members of the community. Students and employees with information of an emergency situation, dangerous situation, or a crime which poses an immediate and/or continuing threat to the health or safety of students, employees or others on or near campus, should immediately call 911, and or contact University Police 715-425-3133, Student Conduct and Community Standards 715-425-4844, Residence Life 715-425-4555, Student Health and Counseling Services 715-425-3884, River Falls Police Department 715-425-0909 or the Pierce County Sheriff’s Department 715-273-5051.

Upon confirmation of an emergency, dangerous situation, or a crime which poses an immediate and/or continuing threat to the health or safety of students, employees, or others, University Police or University Communications will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, determine who and what segments of the campus community to notify and initiate the notification system for the Emergency Notification message to the campus community, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Follow up information is provided as needed. University Police or University Communications will distribute a notification by one or more of the following: public address system, InformaCast emergency text messaging system, university computer network pop up message system, e-mail, our website at https://www.uwrf.edu/Police/ and/or the University’s main website at https://www.uwrf.edu/. University Police will send Emergency Notification messages, without consultation, when emergency situations dictate that messages be sent immediately. The previously mentioned offices will assist with follow-up communications to the campus community.

The Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs or his/her designee is authorized to activate the Emergency Notification when it is his/her professional opinion that a health emergency exists after consulting with one or more of the following offices in order to determine if a notice is required and to develop the notice
for the campus community and which segments of the campus are impacted and require notification: Marketing and University Communications, Assistant Chancellor of Business and Finance, Chancellors Office and University Police. The Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs after consulting with one or more of the above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, determine who and what segments of the campus community to notify and initiate the notification system for the Emergency Notification message to the campus community, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Follow up information is provided as needed. The Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs or University Communications will distribute a notification by one or more of the following: public address system, InformaCast emergency text messaging system, university computer network pop up message system, e-mail, at our website at https://www.uwrf.edu/Polic/ and/or the University’s main website at https://www.uwrf.edu/. University Police will assist in the issuance of these messages. Protocols available in Appendix “A”

**Missing Student Notification**

If any member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing; immediately notify Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs 715-425-0720 University Center, Room 170, Residence Life Staff 715-325-4555 or University Police 715-425-3133, Regional Development Institute, Room 103. They will initiate an investigation. Official missing person reports will be referred immediately to University Police.

If after investigating, it is determined that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, the Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs will notify the student’s confidential contact, and if the student is under 18 years of age, and not an emancipated individual, immediately contact the custodial parent or legal guardian of such student no later than 24 hours after the student was determined missing. University Police will notify the appropriate law enforcement agencies no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined missing (if the law enforcement agency did not make the determination that the student is missing).

**SAFETY**

**Crime Prevention**

**Crime Prevention/Safety Tips:**

**Path and Street Lights Not Working**

Please email police@uwrf.edu or call Facilities Management at 715-425-3827 if you notice any on-campus path or street lights that are not working or going on and off. Please try to be as accurate as possible when describing the location of the path or street light. There is a number on each pole, and we ask that you include the number in your email or call. We will then contact Facilities Management. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

**Annoying Telephone Calls**

Receiving unwanted calls can be frustrating and sometimes frightening. However, in most cases, the calls can be stopped by using some simple but effective techniques.

1. **How to Handle Abusive, Harassing, or Obscene Calls**
• These calls are made for any number of reasons:
  o Broken relationships.
  o An unhappy employee or co-worker.
  o Neighborhood disputes such as a barking dog or playing the stereo too loud.
  o People who simply hang up if someone other than the person they're calling answers.
  o Often they're placed by someone you know.
• The key to handling the calls is:
  o NOT TO REACT TO THEM. REACTING COULD ENCOURAGE THE CALLER.
• In addition you should:
  o HANG UP when you realize the call is intended to harass you.
  o KEEP TRACK of the date and time of the calls to determine the pattern. This can help us identify possible suspects.
  o CASUALLY SAY that the phone company is going to trace your calls.

2. How to Handle Threatening Calls:
• If you receive a call threatening harm to your life, property or family:
  o HANG UP
  o NOTE THE DATE AND TIME
  o CALL UNIVERSITY POLICE IMMEDIATELY

**Preventing Bike Crime**

• Always lock your bike, especially at home.
• Lock your bike to a fixed, immovable object, such as a bike rack.
• Be careful not to lock to items that can be easily cut, broken, or removed. Be careful that your bike cannot be lifted over the top of the object to which it is locked to.
• Lock in a visible and well-lit area.
• Lock in a location where there are other bikes.
• When using a U-lock, position your bike frame and wheels so that you fill or take up as much of the open space within the U-portion of the lock as possible. The tighter the lock up, the harder it is for a thief to use tools to attack your locks.
• Always position a U-lock so that the keyway is facing down towards the ground.
• Always secure your components and accessories, especially quick-release components, with a secondary cable lock.
• Don't lock your bike to itself (the front wheel locked to the frame). It can be easily lifted and carried away.
• Don't lock in the same location all the time. A thief may notice the pattern and target your bike.
• Don't lock to anything posted illegal. Check with area law enforcement agencies for local bike parking regulations.
• Always check your lock before leaving your bike to be sure you have secured it properly.
• For the greatest theft deterrence, use two locks such as a U-lock and a locking cable. The longer it takes a thief to get through your bike security, the less likely your bike will be stolen.

**Preventing Auto Theft or Theft from Auto**

• Always roll up your windows, lock your car, and take the keys, even if you'll only be gone a short time.
• Put valuables out of sight: lock in trunk.
• Try to park in a well-lit area.
• Never pick up hitchhikers.
• Don't resist. Give up your property; don't give up your life.

21
• Report the crime to the police.

**Preventing Theft of Personal Property**

• Don't leave money or valuables in the open.
• Don't bring expensive jewelry to school.
• Mark your personal items.
• Make sure your room is locked when you leave.
• Don't leave your property unattended.

**Maintaining Personal Safety**

• Always walk in groups.
• Be aware of your surroundings.
• Report anything suspicious to University Police.
• Invest in self-defense courses.
• Pepper spray and personal safety alarms.
• Carry a whistle to alert people of a potential problem.
• Know the location of blue light emergency phones.
• Be aware of your surroundings. Listen to and trust your feelings. If a situation doesn't feel quite "right" LEAVE!!!
• Think "Safety." Don't jog alone or hitchhike. Keep your place safe by locking ALL doors and windows.
• Practice self-defense. Know how to yell and always have a whistle handy.
• Learn assertiveness skills.
• Take care of yourself, Don't Assume Others Will.
• Don't Assume "It can't happen to me!"

**Road Rage**

• If someone is tailgating you, pull into the slow lane and let them pass.
• Don't take traffic problems personally.
• Don't make obscene gestures.
• Avoid eye contact with an aggressive driver.

**Preventing ID Theft at College**

With the start of a new academic year we want to offer some suggestions to help prevent you from becoming a victim of identity theft. According to the Wisconsin Office of Privacy Protection, young people, 18 to 29, continue to account for almost 30 percent of all identity theft complaints.

"Nowadays," says Janet Jenkins, Division of Trade and Consumer Protection Administrator, "it's not enough to send your college freshman to school with a laptop, cell phone, books and clean clothes. A cross-cut shredder and a locking box large enough to hold a laptop, loaded with current computer security software, are equally important. And a credit card offers more protection than a debit card. "Teaching students to protect their personal information and how to watch for fraud is very important to safeguarding their identity. Students are more at risk if they are not equipped with the information they need to keep their identity safe. Jenkins says protection is as simple as following these few safeguarding rules:

• Checking your report regularly is one of the best ways to protect against identity theft. Obtain your credit report FREE from each of the three major credit reporting agencies each year. You
can get your free credit report from Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion by calling 877-322-8228 or online at www.annualcreditreport.com.

- Safeguard your mail. Check it daily. If you receive junk mail, don't be so quick to throw it out without opening it first. It might contain personally identifiable information or it might be a pre-approved credit card offer that someone else can fill out to obtain a credit card in your name. Dispose of all mail securely.
- Stop pre-approved credit card offers by calling toll-free to 888-5OPTOUT (888-567-8688) or by visiting the Opt Out website at www.optoutprescreen.com. Reduce junk mail by writing to Mail Preference Service, Direct Marketing Association, P.O. Box 643, Carmel, NY 10512. The service is good for five years and is also available online at a cost of $5 at www.dmachoice.org
- Guard your social security number. Don't carry your social security card with you and don't use your social security number as a PIN or password if you can avoid it.
- Pay attention to internet security. Make certain you have firewall, virus, spam, and spyware protection on your computer. Check your browser security settings to make certain that they aren't too low.
- Check your bills and bank statements. Look at your statements as soon as you get them to see if there are any unauthorized charges or withdrawals. If there are, report them right away. If you bank online or pay bills online, don't wait for an entire month to review your statements. Review them periodically to make certain an identity thief is not using your accounts or your credit cards.

For more information, call the toll free hotline of the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection: 1-800-422-7128 or University Police at 715-425-3133.

Protective Behaviors

Victims of sexual assault or other violent crime are NOT responsible for being assaulted. Students can take protective measures to increase their personal safety and the safety of those around them. If you have experienced sexual assault or another violent crime, it is not your fault. Although no measure is failsafe, here are some protective measures you might consider to increase your personal safety and the safety of those around you:

- When going to a party or a bar, let a friend or roommate know who you are with and where you will be. Leave an address and your phone number with them.
- Go out in groups and ask one member of the group to be the “Designated Friend” (like a Designated Driver) who checks in with members of the group throughout the night.
- Be wary of anyone who does not respect your boundaries around alcohol. Alcohol is the most commonly used predatory drug.
- Do not put your drink down or let someone else get it for you. Colorless, odorless, and tasteless drugs are used to facilitate rape or other crimes and can render a victim defenseless and powerless.
- If you see something unsafe, say something. Safety is everyone’s responsibility.

For the Survivor

- Get to a place that is safe physically and emotionally.
- Get support. Call a friend, or Turningpoint 715-425-6751 or SART 715-425-6443.
- Report it to University Police even if you don't want to prosecute now, you may want to later.
- Even if you do not report it, see a medical professional to assess injury, pregnancy and test for sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV.
Fire Safety

While the University of Wisconsin River Falls and the surrounding community are relatively safe places, it is important to recognize that no place is without certain dangers. With this in mind, all students, staff and faculty of the residence life complex are encouraged to practice the following five safety recommendations.

Fire Safety Education and Training Programs for Students, Faculty and Staff

Fire safety policies and evacuation procedures are shared with students and other residents through a number of methods that include hall meetings held on the first day of each semester, posting the information on the Residence Life website, including it in resident’s housing contract, the Residence Life Student Guide, fire drills and on building signage. Students and residents in violation of fire safety policies are sanctioned accordingly.

- Resident Assistants and Area Coordinators are trained in fire safety. Resident Assistants conduct fire drills for education and personal safety purposes in September of every academic year.

Exits

Access to all room and apartment doors must be clear and unhindered, permitting doors to be fully opened. Furnishings may not be placed in a manner that blocks escape through a window in an emergency. Arrangements may not involve large amounts of burnable material between an exit door and the sleeping section of an apartment or room.

Fire Prevention and Safety

Fire safety should be a major consideration as you design and furnish your room. In addition to information provided in the Residence Life Student Guide on room decorations/remodeling, you may not store flammable liquids such as charcoal lighter fluid or gasoline or any other volatile materials in your room or apartment or storage areas. Tampering with any fire safety device is a violation of regulations.

- Take responsibility for fire prevention and know how to protect yourself in the event of a fire: Know where the exits are located, and the location of fire extinguishers and fire alarm pull stations. Maintain a safe living environment by using 3-prong extension cords; not overloading electrical outlets; checking smoke detectors regularly; not leaving items on top of the cooking range; participating in planned fire drills, or reporting others violating fire safety policies. Take all fire alarms seriously. In the event of a fire, survival is your top priority. If safe to do so, notify others near the fire; activate the fire alarm system; call 911; and quickly decide if you can extinguish the fire. If not, get out, closing all doors behind you. If you cannot get out, get someone’s attention for help.
- In the event of a fire: Sound the alarm and call 911 for the Fire Department, leave the building, and do not attempt to re-enter the building. It is important that you be familiar with the exits and procedures for evacuating your building.
- Extinguishers: Learn the location of the fire extinguisher and the pull station nearest you as soon as you move in. If you have had to use your fire extinguisher or it loses pressure for any reason, notify your resident assistant immediately to arrange for recharge.

In the event you notice “after the fact” that a fire has occurred: In the event you notice “after the fact” that a fire had previously occurred and there is no immediate danger you should contact University Police at 715-425-3133.
**False Alarms**
Anyone who causes a false alarm may be evicted immediately, and subject to civil penalties.

**Fire Alarm Testing**
The University of River Falls conducts periodical testing of the Fire Alarm system to ensure it is working properly.

**Fire Drills**
Drills are conducted at the start of fall semester.

**Smoke Alarms**
Each living unit is equipped with a smoke detector. By law, you are responsible for reporting malfunctions detectors to the Residence Life Office.

**Fire Safety Policy Residential Halls**
For fire safety reasons, the following is strictly prohibited in all residential facilities on campus:
1. The possession and or use of candles, including decorative candles and candle warmers.
2. Any open flame.
3. Disconnecting smoke detectors.
4. Storing or possessing fireworks, explosives or accelerants (e.g. gasoline, propane).
5. Tampering with fire safety equipment (e.g. fire alarms, sprinkler systems, fire extinguishers, exit signs).
6. Triggering activation of false fire alarms.

**Procedures for Evacuation**
All residents, staff and faculty, including those with disabilities, are responsible for developing personal evacuation and escort plans for their use in the event of a fire. Should a fire occur, residents are advised to:
1) Make survival your top priority
2) Notify others near the fire - if safe to do so
3) Activate the fire alarm system
4) Call 911

The below procedures should be followed in all residence halls.
- FIRE AND TORNADO PROCEDURES are posted on every floor of university facilities.
  - IF YOU DISCOVER A FIRE: Sound alarm and leave building by nearest exit; Call 911; Give as much information as you can to dispatcher; Do not hang up until dispatcher says he/she has all of the needed information.
  - WHERE TO GO WHEN ALERTED TO THE POSSIBILITY OF FIRE: If there is smoke in the room, drop to the floor and stay low; Smoke inhalation is often fatal; Feel knob before opening the door; If it is hot, don’t open. If it is cool, brace against door and open slowly; If heat or heavy smoke is outside, close door and stay in the room; Call 911.
  - IF YOU CANNOT LEAVE YOUR ROOM OR EXIT SAFELY: Stay calm. Seal cracks around door using wet sheets, towels, or clothing to prevent smoke from entering the room; Hang an object out the window (sheet, jacket, shirt) to attract Fire Department
attention. Call 911. Report that you are trapped, and give your location; Stay near window and low to floor. A wet cloth over nose and mouth will aid in breathing if there is smoke;

o IF YOU CAN LEAVE YOUR ROOM: Take a wet cloth to aid in breathing if you encounter smoke; Close door behind you and take your keys; Go to nearest exit. If it is blocked with smoke or fire proceed to another exit; Keep low to floor if there is smoke; Cover nose and mouth with wet cloth and take short breaths; Stand clear of building after evacuating; Follow directions of fire, police, and residence hall personnel. NEVER re-enter a burning building.

- **Special Needs:** Students with special evacuation needs should report those needs to the Office of Residence Life. The address of those students with special evacuation needs is shared with University Police. Students are responsible for developing their own evacuation plan.

- The fire systems described in this report are current as of the publication of this report.

**Safety Tips**

**Safety Tips for Computers**

- Never leave your laptop computer unattended in a public place. Use a portable locking device or motion sensor alarm at all times.
- Carry your computer in an inconspicuous bag rather than one that announces its contents to would-be-thieves.
- When going through airport security, try to avoid placing your computer on the belt until it is your turn to walk through the checkpoint so that it is never out of your sight.
- If you happen to be traveling without a portable locking device, keep your laptop with you at all times, leave it in a hotel safe, or a last resort hide it in a drawer in your room.
- Students should remember to use portable locking devices on their laptops in libraries, labs and general study areas on campus as well in dorm rooms.
- Use a lock to secure your laptop computer to your desk at the office.
- If using a cable lock, always choose one made of braided steel strands and the largest cable thickness possible because it will be more difficult to cut through.
- When securing your laptop to a desk, hotel or dorm room furniture make sure you cinch the cable around furniture that is not easily lifted or moved.
- Etch or engrave your name and telephone number onto your laptop for identification purposes.
- Record the serial number and detailed description of your laptop, give to police and insurance company in the event of a theft. Keep this information in a safe place at your home.
- Regularly back up your data and store back-up somewhere else in the event of theft.

**Shopping in Cyberspace**

- Do business with companies you know and trust.
- Understand the offer. Look carefully at the product or services the company is offering.
- Use a secure browser that will encrypt or scramble purchase information.
- Never give a bank account or credit card number or other personal information to anyone you don't know or haven't checked out.

**Street Smarts**

- Stick to well-lighted, well-traveled streets and pathways. Know locations of blue light emergency phones.
Stay alert and tuned into your surroundings.
Don't flash large amounts of cash.
Keep jewelry out of sight.
Carry your purse close to your body.
Put your wallet in an inside coat or front pants pocket, not a back pocket.
Wear shoes or clothing that does not restrict your movement.
Use ATMs in the daytime, if possible. Have your card in hand and don't approach the machine if you're uneasy about people nearby.
Have your car or house key in hand before you reach the door.

Winter Driving Tips
Most crashes in winter are caused by motorists driving too fast for conditions during, or shortly after winter storms. So here are a few safety tips to improve your winter driving skills.

- Clear snow and ice from all windows and lights—even the hood and roof—before driving.
- Pay attention. Don't try to outdrive the conditions. Remember the posted speed limits are for dry Pavement. Leave plenty of room for stopping.
- Leave room for maintenance vehicles and plows—stay back at least 200 feet (It's the law!) and don't pass on the right.
- Know the current road conditions. Call (800)ROADWIS or log onto: http://www.511wi.gov/web/map.aspx?region=winterroads&show=1
- Use brakes carefully. Brake early. Brake correctly. It takes more time to stop in adverse conditions.
- Watch for slippery bridge decks, even when the rest of the pavement is in good condition. Bridge decks will ice up sooner than the adjacent pavement.
- Cruise without your cruise control in wintry conditions. Even roads that appear clear can have sudden slippery spots and the short touch of your brakes to deactivate the cruise control feature can cause you to lose control of your vehicle.
- Remember that your four-wheel drive vehicle may help you get going quicker than other vehicles but it won't help you stop any quicker. Many 4x4 vehicles are heavier than passenger vehicles and actually may take longer to stop. Don't get overconfident in your 4x4 vehicle's traction. Your 4x4 can lose traction as quickly as a two-wheel drive vehicle.
- GO SLOW & ALWAYS buckle up!

Safety Training and Resources

Voluntary Text Messaging Emergency Notification System
The UWRF emergency text messaging system is voluntary. It allows students, faculty, and staff to register to be notified via text message in the event of a campus emergency. The program is voluntary, and will be used for emergency notification purposes only. Emergencies include credible, on-going incidents that pose a threat to the University Community. At no time will the emergency text messaging system be used to distribute advertising or other unsolicited content. Subscribers will pay no fees for service, other than the normal fees charged by their mobile service provider for receiving text messages. The university strongly recommends that students and staff participate in this emergency notification system. Sign up for UWRF alert at https://www.uwrf.edu/Emergency/EmergencyNotifications/emergencyAlertSubscribe.cfm or contact University Police at 715-425-3133 for assistance in signing up.

Evacuation Drills and Tests of Procedures
UW River Falls conducts a fire drill in the fall of every academic year for the purpose of notifying all students and staff of our evacuation procedures to ensure their safety in the event of an actual fire.
Each drill is documented to include: the description of the test, date held, start time/end time and evacuation time. Documentation of the drill will be forwarded to UW Madison Emergency Management department which is part of UW Madison Police Department.

**Security Awareness and Crime Prevention Programs:**

UW-River Falls provides information to students and employees about campus security procedures and practices, protecting themselves and their property, and encourages them to be responsible for their own security and the security of others, and informs them about the prevention of crimes through the following programs and literature distributions:

- **Safe Ride Program** – The Safe Ride pilot program began in December 2015 as a collaboration between the UW-River Falls Student Senate and the city’s shared ride taxi service. The program emphasis is on getting students home safely at night on weekends during the winter months. When classes are in session, the taxi service provides free rides for students from Thursday-Saturday nights, 10 p.m. to 3 a.m.

- **Sex Signals** – Educational presentation topics of dating, consent and sex. Bystander intervention was stressed, encouraging students to help protect each other from possible sexual harassment or violence.

- **Step Up** – The Step Up workshop focused on how students can Step Up as a Falcon to make sure everyone has a great experience at UW-River Falls.

- **It's on Us** – Student Senate campaign was modeled after the national “It’s on Us” campaign. As part of the local campaign, Student Senate sponsored a week of action in October of 2017. UWRF’s Week of Action aimed to bring increased awareness and education to the issue of sexual violence.

- **Coffee with a Cop** – University Police hosts at least one of these events on campus and participates in these events at various establishments in the City of River Falls to engage in conversation with our community.

- **Residence Life (Housing) programs** - including presentations on topics requested by staff. RA training in dealing with various types of calls. Assisting with fire alarm drills and evacuation.

- **Safety Walk** – Safety Committee members and Student Senate walk through campus grounds for the purpose of identifying areas of concern that may affect campus security and safety.

**Additional Services Available from University Police:**

University Police regularly responds to training or presentation requests by students, staff or faculty on a specific crime prevention or personal safety topic. These training are offered throughout the year.

Office Safety reviews are offered by University Police upon request. This walkthrough by University Police looks at office layouts and office procedures with security as the main focus point. University Police then meets with the supervisor or group of employees and provides specific security and safety recommendations.

Emergency phones are strategically located throughout campus, and are clearly identifiable by signage and during the hours of darkness are identifiable by an illuminating blue light. These emergency phones
are connected directly to the Pierce County Sheriff’s Department dispatch center.

**Security and Access to Campus Facilities:**

General access to and use of UW-River Falls facilities is governed by Chapter UWS 21 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code, and institutional policies on file in the Office of the Chancellor. Security is provided in the maintenance of the university facilities through a number of mechanisms including limitations on hours of operation, policies on keys, restricting access to those bearing proper identification as university staff or students, provisions of adequate lighting, and making available telephone call boxes for emergency assistance. Specific security mechanisms may vary with the type of university facility. Security precautions in place for the various types of facilities at UW-River Falls are:

- Access to non-university housing buildings, keys and card swipe access is controlled by University Police and Facilities.
- Access to buildings, keys and card swipe access in University Housing are controlled by Residence Life.
- Entrances to Residence Halls are locked at all times and controlled by card access.
- Some campus buildings have camera’s mounted to view common or public areas such as hallways and entrances/exits which are not monitored, but do record activity which can be accessed by University Police.
- University Buildings are closed overnight, except for special activities. After hours access is limited and controlled by University Police.
- University Housing sets and controls move in and move out dates and procedures, including card swipe access.
- No additional security measures are added during break periods.
- All campus fire, intrusion and panic alarms are monitored by an alarm monitoring company.

**Other Resources**

**Local Police**

UW-River Falls encourages cooperation with local police authorities to monitor and record information concerning criminal activity occurring away from the campus, but involving university students or university-recognized student organizations. University Police works in cooperation with local police regarding crimes involving students or impacting the campus community and requests their cooperation by informing University Police about crimes reported to them that may warrant a timely warning.

**Crime and Fire Statistics**

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal mandate requiring all institutions of higher education (IHEs) that participate in the federal student financial aid program to disclose information about crime on their campuses and in the surrounding community. The Clery Act affect virtually all public and private IHEs and is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education. Campuses that fail to comply with the act can face penalties in form of fines and may be suspended from participating in the federal financial aid program.

The Clery Act, formerly known as the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act, was signed in 1990
and is named after 19-year old Jeanne Clery, who was raped and murdered in her Lehigh University residence hall in 1986. Jeanne Clery’s parent’s lobbied congress to enact the law when they discovered students at Lehigh had not been notified about the 38 violent crimes that had occurred on campus in the three years prior to Jeanne Clery’s murder.

Statistics are gathered through reports to the University of Wisconsin-River Falls police department, Office of Student Conduct & Community Standards, Residence Life and Other security authorities. UWRF PD also requests information from law enforcement agencies in the surrounding areas such as River Falls Police Department, Pierce County Sheriff’s department, DNR and State Patrol. A copy of the report is disseminated via email to all Students, staff and Faculty every October of each fall semester.

Crimes are classified using the FBI Uniformed Crime Reporting Handbook, The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting, except for sex offenses which are defined by the National Incident Based Reporting System handbook. Wisconsin law is used to define drug, alcohol and weapons law violations as well as incidents of domestic violence.

Definitions of Clery Geography

On-campus property is defined as any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes.

On-campus Residence Halls is a subset of the on-campus property. It is defined as any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution or is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that make up the campus.

Public property is defined as all public property, including thoroughfares, streets, as sidewalks that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus.

Non-campus property is defined as any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property that is owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to the institution’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students and is not within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area of the institution.
## 2017 Campus Crime Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>On Campus Property</th>
<th># of On-Campus Incidents that Occurred in Residence Halls</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Non Campus Property</th>
<th>Unfounded Cases***</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arrests</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs**</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disciplinary Referrals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Criminal Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder and Non-Negligent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sex Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indeterminate Sex Offenses****</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relationship Violence</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hate Crimes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All categories of Hate Crimes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Underage drinking is a civil offense in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense and therefore the ticket issued for underage drinking is not classified as "arrests" per Clery act regulations. In 2017 Police issued 74 citations for Alcohol law violations within the Clery geography of UWRF.

** Possession of marijuana or paraphernalia cited under UWS Chapter 18 violation is a civil offense not a criminal offense and therefore it is not classified as an “arrest” per Clery act regulations. In 2017 Police issued 34 citations for these violations within the Clery geography of UWRF. The total includes 11 individuals who received 2 citations.

*** Unfounded category was new for 2014 - required to show number of cases that were unfounded by police.

**** Not Enough information reported to determine type of sex offense.
# 2016 Campus Crime Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>On Campus Property</th>
<th># of On-Campus Incidents that Occurred in Residence Halls</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Non Campus Property</th>
<th>Unfounded Cases**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arrests</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disciplinary Referrals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Criminal Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder and Non-Negligent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sex Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indeterminate Sex Offenses***</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relationship Violence</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hate Crimes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All categories of Hate Crimes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Underage drinking is a civil offense in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense and therefore the ticket issued for underage drinking is not classified as "arrests" per Clery act regulations. **In 2016 Police issued 103 citations for Alcohol law violations within the Clery geography of UWRF.**

** Unfounded category is new for 2014 - required to show number of cases that were unfounded by police.

*** Not Enough information reported to determine type of sex offense.
# 2015 Campus Crime Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On Campus Property</th>
<th># of On-Campus Incidents that Occurred in Residence Halls</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>on Campus Property</th>
<th>Unfounded Cases**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arrests</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disciplinary Referrals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol</td>
<td>204</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drugs</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Criminal Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sex Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indeterminate Sex Offenses***</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relationship Violence</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hate Crimes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All categories of Hate Crimes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Underage drinking is a civil offense in the state of Wisconsin, not a criminal offense and therefore the ticket issued for underage drinking is not classified as "arrests" per Clery act regulations. In 2015 Police issued 67 citations for Alcohol law violations within the Clery geography of UWRF.

** Unfounded category is new for 2014 - required to show number of cases that were unfounded by police.

*** Not Enough information reported to determine type of sex offense.
STATISTICS FROM OUR WISCONSIN IN SCOTLAND CAMPUS

The following statistics were reported from the Wisconsin in Scotland campus located in Dalkeith, United Kingdom. Since there are very few incidents from this campus – only reported incidents will be listed below corresponding to the appropriate category for reporting. Otherwise all other categories would be zero for that year.

2017: No reported incident of any kind

2016: No reported incident of any kind

2015: Criminal Offense – On-campus, Aggravated Assault and Domestic Violence – one (1) Incident
University of Wisconsin – River Falls
2017-2018
Fire Safety Report
## 2017 Fire Safety Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University of Wisconsin-River Falls Residential Facilities</th>
<th>Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Smoke Detection</th>
<th>Fire Extinguisher Devices</th>
<th>Evacuation Plans/Placards</th>
<th>Number of evacuation (fire)drills each calendar year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ames Suites 851 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabtree Hall 850 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grimm Hall 750 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hathorn Hall 620 S. 3rd Street</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson Hall 62 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Hall 124 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMillan Hall 700 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parker Hall 800 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prucha Hall 551 Spruce St</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Fork Suites 805 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stratton Hall 581 S. Spruce St</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University of Wisconsin-River Falls Residential Facilities</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Inquires that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ames Hall 851 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabtree Hall 850 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grimm Hall 750 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hathorn Hall 620 S. 3rd Street</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson Hall 62 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Hall 124 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMillan Hall 700 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parker Hall 800 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prucha Hall 551 Spruce St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Fork Suites 805 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stratton Hall 581 S. Spruce St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 2016 Fire Safety Report

### University of Wisconsin-River Falls Residential Facilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Building</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Smoke Detection</th>
<th>Fire Extinguisher Devices</th>
<th>Evacuation Plans/Placards</th>
<th>Number of evacuation (fire)drills each calendar year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ames Suites</td>
<td>851 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabtree Hall</td>
<td>850 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grimm Hall</td>
<td>750 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hathorn Hall</td>
<td>620 S. 3rd Street</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson Hall</td>
<td>62 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Hall</td>
<td>124 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMillan Hall</td>
<td>700 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parker Hall</td>
<td>800 E. Cascade</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prucha Hall</td>
<td>551 Spruce St</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Fork Suites</td>
<td>805 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stratton Hall</td>
<td>581 S. Spruce St</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### University of Wisconsin-River Falls Residential Facilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Building</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire Number</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Inquires that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ames Hall</td>
<td>851 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crabtree Hall</td>
<td>850 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grimm Hall</td>
<td>750 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hathorn Hall</td>
<td>620 S. 3rd Street</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson Hall</td>
<td>62 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May Hall</td>
<td>124 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>McMillan Hall</td>
<td>700 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parker Hall</td>
<td>800 E. Cascade</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prucha Hall</td>
<td>551 Spruce St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Fork Suites</td>
<td>805 Wild Rose Ave</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stratton Hall</td>
<td>581 S. Spruce St</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Enforcement & Prevention

Illegal Drugs

UW-River Falls is a drug free campus; the possession, use, and sale of illegal drugs are regulated at UW-River Falls in accordance with the Drug-free Schools Act, the Drug-free Workplace Act, applicable provisions of state and federal law, and Chapter UWS 18, Wisconsin Administrative Code. UW-River Falls police officers enforce violations of state and federal laws regulating the possession, use and sale of illegal drugs.

Alcohol

UW-River Falls permits under certain circumstances; the possession, use, and sale of alcohol are regulated at UW-River Falls in accordance with applicable provisions of state and federal law, and Chapter UWS 18 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. University of River Falls Police department and/or Student Conduct and Community Standards enforce violations of possession, use and sale of alcohol, to include underage drinking laws. At all times it is unlawful to sell, furnish or provide alcohol to a person under the age of 21. The possession of alcohol by anyone under the age of 21 in a public place or a place open to the public is illegal.

Registered Sex Offenders

To obtain information you may visit the Wisconsin Sex Offender Registry website. If there is a change to the process to obtain sex offender information related to the campus University Police will notify the campus community by email.

Violence Against Women Act (“VAWA”) Crimes

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and/or Stalking

UW-River Falls is committed to maintaining a safe and secure work and academic environment for our students, staff and faculty, free of any form of sexual misconduct, including domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking and sexual harassment, and enforces all policies and laws to prohibit these actions. Violations can constitute grounds for disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from the University.

The Clery Act and the Violence Against Women Act mandate universities and colleges provide domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking definitions applicable in its jurisdiction. Wisconsin statutes recognize that sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are serious criminal offenses. It is important for all members of the campus community to understand how these offenses are defined in law and to be aware of the penalties. Excerpted below are the definitions and penalties of sexual assault, domestic/dating violence and stalking. Also included are the definitions of consent, sexual contact, and sexual intercourse. Wisconsin statutes delineate guidelines for the use of evidence in court. Wisconsin Statutes section 972.11 prohibits the use in court of evidence of the victim’s past sexual conduct. There are three exceptions to this prohibition. The judge may allow evidence of the victim’s past conduct with the assailant; evidence that could show the source or origin of semen, pregnancy or disease; or evidence of prior untruthful allegations of sexual assault made by the victim. Recent revisions in the law have allowed for further exceptions to be made at the judge’s discretion. For more information on Wisconsin state law visit: http://legis.wisconsin.gov/rsb/stats.html
Violence and Threats

Policy

UW–River Falls will not tolerate any act or threat of violence made in the workplace, on university lands, or while in work status. After receiving a report of threats or violence, the University will conduct an immediate investigation and respond with the appropriate action. A copy of this policy is available in Appendix “C” of this report.

Reports

All students, faculty and staff are encouraged to report behaviors which are of concern or a person in crisis, contemplating or threatening harm to themselves or others; or actions you believe may be bias motivated.

Victim Assistance

If you are a victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking it is not your fault! Seek support and help immediately. TALK TO SOMEONE rather than trying to erase the incident from your memory. This is the first step in regaining control of one's life

Report the Incident:

Reports of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking and/or any form of relationship violence or harassment received by University Police are investigated in cooperation with local police, when applicable. Several options are available to report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking. A victim or witness can file a private and/or anonymous report with Student Conduct and Community Standards, University Police, Student Health and Counseling Services, Residence Life Staff, all of whom will assist the victim in notifying law enforcement if the victim so chooses.

This does not obligate the victim to press charges. Student Conduct and Community Standards will comply with a student’s request for assistance in contacting support agencies on or off campus, notifying proper law enforcement authorities including UW-River Falls Police Department and/or local police, and discussing the various options available to the victim. The victim has the right to decline reporting the incidents to authorities. Student Conduct and Community Standards and University Police will provide assistance with facilitating and enforcing orders of protection, no contact orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issues by criminal, civil or tribal courts or the institution. Victims will be provided written notification about options for support and assistance at time of contact. Any employee who witnesses or receives a report of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking is required to report the incident to the Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs, or University Police. Student Conduct and Community Standards and University Police compile reports for the purpose of disseminating statistical information to the campus and public as required by state and federal law.

Get Medical Care

As soon as possible, the victim of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence should get medical care. The victim will benefit from being examined for physical injury and disease, and from a discussion of options. In order to preserve physical evidence of the crime, do not bathe, shower, douche, use the bathroom, drink anything or change clothes before the medical exam. Evidence of this type would be vital if the victim decides to pursue criminal charges, proving that the alleged offense did occur or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.
Confidentiality

UW-River Falls will make publicly available records as required by the Clery Act, without the inclusion of personally identifying information about the victim. UW-River Falls will maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality will not impair the ability of the institution to provide the accommodations or protective measures.

Wisconsin State Laws

Alcohol and Other Drugs

UWS 18.09 Alcohol and Drug Prohibitions

(1) ALCOHOL BEVERAGES:
   a. The use or possession of alcohol beverages is prohibited on all university premises, except in faculty and staff housing and as permitted by the chief administrative officer, subject to statutory age restrictions. The chief administrative officer may generally permit the use or possession of alcohol beverages by promulgating institutional regulations in consultation with appropriate staff and students, or in specific instances by written permission.
   b. No person may procure, sell, dispense or give away alcohol beverages to any person contrary to the provisions of ch. 125, Stats.
   c. In this subsection, “alcohol beverages” means fermented malt beverages and intoxicating liquors containing 0.5% or more of alcohol by volume.
   d. Notwithstanding s. UWS 18.14, institutional regulations developed pursuant to this subsection shall be reported to the president of the system for review and approval.

(2) POSSESSION OF DRUG PARAPHERNALIA:
   a. No person may use, or possess with the primary intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of ch. 961, Stats.
   b. In this subsection, the term “drug paraphernalia” has the meaning specified in s. 961.571 (1), Stats.; the term “controlled substance” has the meaning specified in s. 961.01 (4), Stats.; and the term “controlled substance analog” has the meaning specified in s. 961.01 (4m), Stats.
   c. In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia under this subsection, the factors listed in s. 961.572, Stats., and all other legally relevant factors, shall be considered.

(3) POSSESSION OF MARIJUANA:
   a. No person may intentionally use or possess marijuana on university lands, except when such use or possession is authorized under ch. 961, Stats., or is permitted under s. 961.34, Stats.
   b. In this subsection, the term “marijuana” has the meaning specified in s. 961.01 (14), Stats.

UWS 18.15 Additional Statutory Penalty Provisions Regulating Conduct on University Lands

(1) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. The use or possession of controlled substances as defined in s. 961.01 (4), Stats., is prohibited on all university property with the specific exemptions set forth in ch. 961, Stats., and as permitted under s. 961.34, Stats. The penalty provisions of ch. 961, Stats. and chs. UWS 17 and 18 may apply to violations occurring on university lands.
Wis. Stats. 125.07

Underage drinking by persons 21 and under is a civil law violation and is subject to the following legal sanctions under Ch. 125.07(4) Wisconsin State Code:

125.07 Underage persons; presence on licensed premises; possession; penalties.

(a) Restrictions.
1. No person may procure for, sell, dispense or give away any alcohol beverages to any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age.
2. No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal or traffic in alcohol beverages to or with any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age.
3. No adult may knowingly permit or fail to take action to prevent the illegal consumption of alcohol beverages by an underage person on premises owned by the adult or under the adult’s control. This subdivision does not apply to alcohol beverages used exclusively as part of a religious service.
4. No adult may intentionally encourage or contribute to a violation of sub. (4) (a) or (b).

(b) Penalties:
1. In this paragraph, “violation” means a violation of this subsection or of a local ordinance that strictly conforms to par. (a) if the violation results in an imposition of a forfeiture or a conviction. For purposes of determining previous violations under subd. 2., the 30-month period shall be measured from the dates of violations that resulted in an imposition of a forfeiture or a conviction. For the purpose of determining whether or not a previous violation has occurred, if more than one violation occurs at the same time all those violations shall be counted as one violation.
2. A person who commits a violation may be:
   a. Required to forfeit not more than $500 if the person has not committed a previous violation within 30 months of the violation.
   b. Fined not more than $500 or imprisoned for not more than 30 days or both if the person has committed a previous violation within 30 months of the violation.
   c. Fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days or both if the person has committed 2 previous violations within 30 months of the violation.
   d. Fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days or both if the person has committed 3 or more previous violations within 30 months of the violation.
3. A court shall suspend any license or permit issued under this chapter to a person for:
   a. Not more than 3 days, if the court finds that the person committed a violation within 12 months after committing one previous violation;
   b. Not less than 3 days nor more than 10 days, if the court finds that the person committed a violation within 12 months after committing 2 other violations; or
   c. Not less than 15 days nor more than 30 days, if the court finds that the person committed the violation within 12 months after committing 3 other violation. The court shall promptly mail notice of a suspension under this paragraph to the department and to the clerk of each municipality which has issued a license or permit to the person.
4. A person who holds a Class “A” license, a Class “B” license or permit, a “Class A” license or a “Class B” license or permit who commits a violation is subject to subd. 3. but is not subject to subd. 2. or s. 125.11.
5. Only one penalty may be imposed under this paragraph for each underage person who is provided alcohol beverages contrary to this section or a local ordinance in conformity with this section.

(4) UNDERAGE PERSONS; PROHIBITIONS; PENALTIES.

(a) Any underage person who does any of the following is guilty of a violation:
1. Procures or attempts to procure alcohol beverages from a licensee or permittee.
2. Unless accompanied by a parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age, possesses or
consumes alcohol beverages on licensed premises.

3. Enters, knowingly attempts to enter or is on licensed premises in violation of sub. (3) (a).

4. Falsely represents his or her age for the purpose of receiving alcohol beverages from a licensee or permittee.

(b) Except as provided in par. (bm), any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age who knowingly possesses or consumes alcohol beverages is guilty of a violation. (bg) Paragraphs (a) and (b) do not apply to an underage person employed by or assisting a law enforcement agency in carrying out enforcement activities to determine compliance with, or investigate potential violations of, the provisions of this section. (bm) An underage person may possess alcohol beverages in the course of employment during his or her working hours if employed by any of the following:

1. A brewer or brewpub.
2. A fermented malt beverages wholesaler.
3. A permittee other than a Class “B” or “Class B” permittee.
5. A retail licensee or permittee under the conditions specified in s. 125.32 (2) or 125.68 (2) or for delivery of unopened containers to the home or vehicle of a customer.
6. A campus, if the underage person is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of a person who has attained the legal drinking age. (bs) Any person violating par. (a) is subject to the following penalties: 1. For a first violation, a forfeiture of not less than $250 nor more than $500, suspension of the person’s operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1.

1. Participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.
2. For a violation committed within 12 months of one previous violation, either a forfeiture of not less than $300 or more than $500, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. except that if the violation of par. (a) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.

3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, either a forfeiture of not less than $500 or more than $750, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. except that if the violation of par. (a) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.

4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations, either a forfeiture of not less than $750 or more than $1,000, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. except that if the violation of par. (a) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.

(c) Any person violating par. (b) is subject to the following penalties:

1. For a first violation, a forfeiture of not less than $100 nor more than $200, suspension of the person’s operating privilege as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 1., participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties.

2. For a violation committed within 12 months of one previous violation, either a forfeiture of not less than $200 or more than $300, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2. except that if the violation of par. (b) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 2.

3. For a violation committed within 12 months of 2 previous violations, either a forfeiture of not less than
40

$300 or more than $500, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. except that if the violation of par. (b) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3.

4. For a violation committed within 12 months of 3 or more previous violations, either a forfeiture of not less than $500 or more than $1,000, participation in a supervised work program or other community service work under par. (cg) or any combination of these penalties. In addition, the person’s operating privilege may be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. except that if the violation of par. (b) involved a motor vehicle the person’s operating privilege shall be suspended as provided under s. 343.30 (6) (b) 3. (cd) For purposes of par. (bs) or (c), all violations arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as a single violation.

**Controlled Substance**

*State of Wisconsin Uniform Controlled Substances Act*

The Uniform Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 961 of the Wisconsin Statutes, regulates controlled substances and 961.41 outlines specific penalties for the violation of the regulations. Penalties vary according to the type of drug involved, the amount of drug confiscated, the number of previous convictions, and the presence of any aggravating factors. The distribution of a controlled substance to a minor can lead to the doubling of an authorized sentence term. Sec. 961.46, Stats.

**Sexual Assault, Stalking, Domestic Violence (VAWA Crimes)**

*Sexual Assault - Wis. Stat. s. 940.225:*

**First Degree Sexual Assault**

Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class B felony. A person who commits a Class B felony can be imprisoned for up to 60 years:

- Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person and causes pregnancy or great bodily harm to that person.
- Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of use of a dangerous weapon or any article used or fashioned in a manner to lead the victim to reasonably believe it to be a dangerous weapon.
- Is aided or abetted by one or more other persons and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of force or violence.

**Second Degree Sexual Assault**

Whoever does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony. The penalty a Class C felony is a fine of up to $100,000 and/or imprisonment for up to 40 years:

- Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person by use or threat of force or violence.
- Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person and causes injury, illness, disease or impairment of a sexual or reproductive organ, or mental anguish requiring psychiatric care for the victim.
- Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who suffers from mental illness or deficiency which renders that person temporarily or permanently incapable of appraising the person’s conduct, and the defendant knows of such condition.
• Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is under the influence of an intoxicant to a degree which renders that person incapable of giving consent if the defendant has actual knowledge that the person is incapable of giving consent and the defendant has the purpose to have sexual contact or sexual intercourse with the person while the person is incapable of giving consent.
• Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person who the defendant knows is unconscious.
• Is aided or abetted by one or more other persons and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with another person without consent of that person.
• Is an employee of a facility or program under s. 940.295 (2) (b), (c), (h) or (k) and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is a patient or resident of the facility or program.
• Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with an individual who is confined in a correctional institution if the actor is a correctional staff member. This paragraph does not apply if the individual with whom the actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse is subject to prosecution for the sexual contact or sexual intercourse under this section.
• Has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with an individual who is on probation, parole, or extended supervision if the actor is a probation, parole, or extended supervision agent who supervises the individual, either directly or through a subordinate, in his or her capacity as a probation, parole, or extended supervision agent or who has influenced or has attempted to influence another probation, parole, or extended supervision agent’s supervision of the individual. This paragraph does not apply if the individual with whom the actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse is subject to prosecution for the sexual contact or sexual intercourse under this section.
• Is a licensee, employee, or nonclient resident of an entity, as defined in s. 48.685 (1) (b) or 50.065 (1) (c), and has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a client of the entity.

Third Degree Sexual Assault

 Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person without consent of that person is guilty of a Class G felony. A person who commits a Class G felony can be fined not more than $25,000 and/or imprisoned not more than 10 years.

Fourth Degree Sexual Assault

 Whoever has sexual contact with a person without the consent of that person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A person who commits a Class A misdemeanor can be fined up to $10,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 9 months in the county jail.

Consent - WIS. STAT. 940.225(4)

“Consent” means words or overt actions by a person who is competent to give informed consent indicating a freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact. The following persons are presumed incapable of consent but the presumption may be rebutted by competent evidence:

• A person suffering from a mental illness or defect which impairs capacity to appraise personal conduct.
• A person who is unconscious or for any other reason is physically unable to communicate unwillingness to an act.

A person under 16 years of age is incapable of consent as a matter of law. Teens 16 and 17 years old can legally consent to sexual contact; however, they are deemed incapable of consenting to sexual intercourse as a matter of law. People who have a mental illness or deficiency, and people who are unconscious or physically unable to communicate, are assumed to be incapable of consent, but that assumption can be
challenged in court.

**Marriage:** Marriage is not a defense to sexual assault. A person may be prosecuted for assaulting his or her spouse. (Wis. Stat. 940.225 (6))

**Sexual Contact - Wis. Stat. S. 940.225(5)(B)**

“Sexual contact” means any of the following:

1. Any of the following types of intentional touching, whether direct or through clothing, if that intentional touching is either for the purpose of sexually degrading; or for the purpose of sexually humiliating the complainant or sexually arousing or gratifying the defendant or if the touching contains the elements of actual or attempted battery:
   a. Intentional touching by the defendant or, upon the defendant’s instruction, by another person, by the use of any body part or object, of the complainant’s intimate parts.
   b. Intentional touching by the complainant, by the use of any body part or object, of the defendant’s intimate parts or, if done upon the defendant’s instructions, the intimate parts of another person.
2. Intentional penile ejaculation of ejaculate or intentional emission of urine or feces by the defendant or, upon the defendant’s instruction, by another person upon any part of the body clothed or unclothed of the complainant if that ejaculation or emission is either for the purpose of sexually degrading or sexually humiliating the complainant or for the purpose of sexually arousing or gratifying the defendant.
3. For the purpose of sexually degrading or humiliating the complainant or sexually arousing for gratifying the defendant, intentionally causing the complainant to ejaculate or emit urine or feces on any part of the defendant’s body, whether clothed or unclothed.


“Sexual intercourse” includes the meaning assigned under s. 939.22 (36) (requiring only vulvar penetration and not emission) as well as cunnilingus, fellatio or anal intercourse between persons or any other intrusion, however slight, of any part of a person’s body or of any object into the genital or anal opening either by the defendant or upon the defendant’s instruction. The emission of semen is not required.

**Domestic Abuse - Wis. Stat. S. 813.12(1)(am)**

(am) “Domestic abuse” means any of the following engaged in by an adult family member or an adult household member against another adult family member or adult household member, by an adult caregiver against an adult who is under the caregiver’s care, by an adult against his or her adult former spouse, by an adult with whom the individual has or had a dating relationship, or by an adult against an adult with whom the person has a child in common.

1. Intentional infliction of physical pain, physical injury or illness.
2. Intentional impairment of physical condition.
3. A violation of s. 940.225 (1), (2) or (3). (Sexual assault).
4. A violation of s. 940.32. (Stalking).
5. A violation of s. 943.01, involving property that belongs to the individual. (Damage to property).
6. A threat to engage in the conduct under subd. 1., 2., 3., 4., or 5. (See 1-5 above).

(a) “Family member” means a spouse, a parent, a child or a person related by blood or adoption to another person.
(b) “Household member” means a person currently or formerly residing in a place of abode with another person.
(c) “Reasonable grounds” means more likely than not that a specific event has occurred or will occur.
(d) “Regular and direct contact” means face-to-face physical proximity to an individual that is planned, scheduled, expected, or periodic.
(e) “Tribal court” means a court established by any federally recognized Wisconsin Indian tribe or band, except the Menominee Indian tribe of Wisconsin.

(f) “Tribal order or injunction” means a temporary restraining order or injunction issued by a tribal court under a tribal domestic abuse ordinance adopted in conformity with this section.

(g) “Dating relationship” means a romantic or intimate social relationship between 2 adult individuals but “dating relationship” does not include a causal relationship or an ordinary fraternization between 2 individuals in a business or social context. A court shall determine if a dating relationship existed by considering the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of the interaction between the adult individuals involved in the relationship.

**Stalking - Wis. Stat. S. 940.32**

1. In this section:
   (a) “Course of conduct” means a series of 2 or more acts carried out over time, however short or long, that show a continuity of purpose, including any of the following:
   1. Maintaining a visual or physical proximity to the victim.
   2. Approaching or confronting the victim.
   3. Appearing at the victim’s workplace or contacting the victim’s employer or coworkers.
   4. Appearing at the victim’s home or contacting the victim’s neighbors.
   5. Entering property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
   6. Contacting the victim by telephone or causing the victim’s telephone or any other person’s telephone to ring repeatedly or continuously, regardless of whether a conversation ensues. Photographing, videotaping, audiotaping, or, through any other electronic means, monitoring or recording the activities of the victim. This subdivision applies regardless of where the act occurs.
   7. Sending material by any means to the victim or, for the purpose of obtaining information about, disseminating information about, or communicating with the victim, to a member of the victim’s family or household or an employer, coworker, or friend of the victim.
   8. Placing an object on or delivering an object to property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
   9. Delivering an object to a member of the victim’s family or household or an employer, coworker, or friend of the victim or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by such a person with the intent that the object be delivered to the victim.
   10. Causing a person to engage in any of the acts described in subds. 1. to 9.
   2. Whoever meets all of the following criteria is guilty of a Class I felony:
      (a) The actor intentionally engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person under the same circumstances to suffer serious emotional distress or to fear bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
      (b) The actor knows or should know that at least one of the acts that constitute the course of conduct will cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or place the specific person in reasonable fear of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
      (c) The actor’s acts cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or induce fear in the specific person of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.

2e. Whoever meets all of the following criteria is guilty of a Class I felony:

   (a) After having been convicted of sexual assault under s. 940.225 (sexual assault), 948.02 (sexual assault of a child), 948.025 (repeated acts of sexual assault to the same child), or 948.085 (sexual assault of a child placed in substitute care) or a domestic abuse offense, the actor engages in any of the acts listed in sub. (1) (a) 1. to 10. (see above) if the act is directed at the victim of the sexual assault or the domestic abuse offense.
   (b) The actor knows or should know that the act will cause the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or place the specific person in reasonable fear of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.
(c) The actor’s act causes the specific person to suffer serious emotional distress or induces fear in the specific person of bodily injury to or the death of himself or herself or a member of his or her family or household.

2m. Whoever violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class H felony if any of the following applies:

(a) The actor has a previous conviction for a violent crime as defined in s. 939.632(1)(e)1., or a previous conviction under this section or s. 947.013 (1r), (1t), (1v), or (1x) (harassment).

(b) The actor has a previous conviction for a crime, the victim of that crime is the victim of the present violation of sub. (2), and the present violation occurs within seven years after the prior conviction.

(c) The actor intentionally gains access or causes another person to gain access to a record in electronic format that contains personally identifiable information regarding the victim in order to facilitate the violation.

(d) The person violates s. 968.31 (1) (interception and disclosure of wire, electronic or oral communications) or 968.34 (1) (use of pen register or trap and trace device) in order to facilitate the violation.

(e) The victim is under the age of 18 years at the time of the violation.

3. Whoever violates sub. (2) is guilty of a Class F felony if any of the following applies:

(a) The act results in bodily harm to the victim or a member of the victim's family or household.

(b) The actor has a previous conviction for a violent crime defined in s. 939.632(1)(e)1., or a previous conviction under this section or s. 947.013 (1r), (1t), (1v) or (1x) (harassment), the victim of that crime is the victim of the present violation of sub. (2), and the present violation occurs within seven years after the prior conviction.

(c) The actor uses a dangerous weapon in carrying out any of the acts listed in sub. (1) (a) 1 to 9.

3m. A prosecutor need not show that a victim received or will receive treatment from a mental health professional in order to prove that the victim suffered serious emotional distress under sub. (2) (c) or (2e) (c).

4. (a) This section does not apply to conduct that is or acts that are protected by the person’s right to freedom of speech or to peaceably assemble with others under the state and U.S. constitutions, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. Giving publicity to and obtaining or communicating information regarding any subject, whether by advertising, speaking or patrolling any public street or any place where any person or persons may lawfully be.

2. Assembling peaceably.

3. Peaceful picketing or patrolling.

Preventative Education and Training

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence & Dating Violence

Awareness and prevention measures are key elements in reducing the risk of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking. UW-River Falls efforts to promote awareness and prevention of these issues includes programs and literature distributions during student and employee orientation, programs.

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Education

UW-River Falls offers alcohol and other drug programming, counseling, assessments, referrals, employee assistance program, dissemination of informational materials. Below is a sampling of resources and education:
Campus AODA Resources
UW-River Falls Counseling Services (715)425-3884
  • Includes AODA assessments and education

Community AODA Resources
Hudson Hospital Programs For Change
Hudson, WI
(715)531-6755
Saint Croix County Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services
(Saint Croix County residents)
New Richmond, WI
(715)246-8255
Pierce County Human Services Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse
(Pierce County residents)
Ellsworth, WI
(715)273-6770

L.E. Phillips
Chippewa Falls, WI
(715)723-5585
Arbor Place Inc.
320 21st Street N.
Menomonie, WI
(715)235-4537
St. Croix Valley Restorative Justice Center
River Falls, WI
(715)425-1100

Training for New Employees

New Employee Online Orientation:
(https://www.uwrf.edu/HumanResources/NewEmployeeOnboarding.cfm)
(https://www.uwrf.edu/HumanResources/NewEmployeeForms.cfm)

Employees must review online orientation sometime during the first week to familiarize themselves with employment at UWRF. They are permitted to stop and go back into it anytime. Supervisor will review the orientation checklist on the new employee's first day. All new employee training must be completed within the first three months of employment.

Keeping Children Safe, Executive Order 54 Online Training:
The training aids the employee in understanding their obligations for reporting suspected child abuse and neglect. Additional information can be found at:
https://www.uwrf.edu/CampusSafety/ExecutiveOrder54RegardingChildAbuseAndNeglect.cfm

Investigation, Adjudication and Sanction

The UW-River Falls student conduct system supports a campus community which is welcoming, safe and supportive of academic and personal growth. The student conduct system accomplishes this by providing students a prompt fair and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final result while being aware of campus expectations, addressing complaints and holding students accountable for their actions. Maintaining fairness, objectivity and respect for each individual is also part of this process. Through the student conduct process students will learn critical thinking skills and inclusivity of other viewpoints so individuals can make the personal choices right for themselves and the campus community.
**Reporting VAWA Crimes**

**Sexual Assault, Stalking, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence**  
All members of the campus community are urged to immediately report crimes, suspicious actions, occurring on the campus to University Police, including crimes as defined by the Violence Against Women Act (sexual assault, stalking, domestic violence, dating violence). A sworn law enforcement officer will actively investigate all allegations of criminal acts, UWS violations, and incidents or service related calls that occur on University Lands to ensure safety of persons on University Lands. The investigation must be fair, objective, and specific. Clery reported crimes or policy violations involving students will be documented and forwarded to the appropriate campus stakeholders such as Student Conduct and Community Standards.

For VAWA crimes in progress students, staff and campus visitors can call 911 or use emergency phones (blue lights), elevator emergency telephones or by calling the Pierce County Sheriff’s Department dispatch center at 715-273-5051 to have a University Police Officer dispatched to the call. All other reports may be made by calling University Police at 715-425-3133, or by reporting in person to University Police, located in the Regional Development Institute Building, Room 103.

Victim or witnesses may report a VAWA crime on a voluntary basis to Student Conduct and Community Standards (715-425-4844), or Residence Life (715-425-4555). Reports of this nature are filed with University Police for inclusion in the annual security report and the university’s crime statistics. There will be no formal police investigation of the incident unless requested, or if the report creates a safety concern for self or others.

Victim or witnesses may report a VAWA crime on a confidential basis to counselors at Student Health and Counseling (715-425-3884), who are the only professional counselors on campus as defined under the Clery Act. UW-River Falls does not have pastoral counselors on campus for Clery purposes. Reports of this nature are filed with University Police for inclusion in the annual security report and the university’s crime statistics. There will be no formal police investigation of the incident unless requested, or if the report creates a safety concern for self or others. Counselors at Student Health and Counseling, informed by persons being counseled of a crime, are encouraged to inform the client that crimes can be reported to them or to Student Conduct and Community Standards on a voluntary basis for inclusion in the university’s crime statistics.

**Disciplinary Procedures**

Over the course of an investigation of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking allegations, the following steps will be taken. The order of these steps may vary depending on the nature or severity of the incident or pattern of incidents.

- Initial complaint (may or may not be from the victim)
- Initial interview of victim
- Collection of evidence
- Notice of charges provided to accused
- Initial interview with accused
- Interviews of witnesses
- Follow-up interviews with both victim and accused
• Case summary compiled
• Case reviewed by the Title IX Coordinator
• Statement of charges for suspension provided to accused
• Hearing date set
• Settlement offered to the accused by the university
• Final results provided to both accused and victim
• Notice of appeal process provided to both accused and victim

For more detail, please see the Student Non-Academic Disciplinary Procedures (UWS Chapter 17)

Timeline
The University strives to respond to all cases of this nature in a timely fashion so as to minimize the negative impacts it may have on all parties. The timeline for cases of any form of relationship violence varies depending on the nature of the incident, the number of witnesses, cooperation of all related parties and amount of supporting evidence to gather. In general, all evidence and interviews are conducted in 14 days or less. Final hearings and appeals will extend beyond the 14 days if they are to take place. An investigation may be temporarily postponed while law enforcement gathers evidence, then will be promptly resumed. Any postponements or extensions will be communicated to the complainant and respondent.

Decision Making
Few, if any, decisions are made by one person. All investigators and decision makers in the process undergo annual training in relation to VAWA related cases. Investigations often involve co-investigators, who report their findings to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator for review of thoroughness and acceptable levels of evidence. If a case is moved forward to a suspension hearing, the respondent can choose to have the matter heard by a hearing officer or committee. All final results of an investigation must be supported by a preponderance level of evidence in order for the accused to be held responsible for any charge of sexual assault, domestic violence, and dating violence or stalking. If the accused is a university employee, the process will be defined by the appropriate employment handbook and investigated by Human Resources staff. For more see the Faculty And Staff Handbook for further details: https://www.uwrf.edu/FacultySenate/FacultyAndStaffHandbook.cfm

Prohibition on Retaliation
An institution, or an officer, employee, or agent of the institution may not retaliate, intimidate, threaten, coerce, or otherwise discriminate against any individual for exercising their rights or responsibilities after reporting a situation involving sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and/or stalking. Retaliation against a complainant or respondent for exercising his or her rights under these procedures is prohibited and may be conduct subject to disciplinary action pursuant to UWS Chapter 17.09. A complainant or respondent who has experienced retaliation should notify the investigating officer, a Title IX official, University Police or Student Conduct and Community Standards.

Rights of the Victim/Complainant
The following rights are provided to victims/complainants of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking regardless of whether the victim/complainant choses to file a complaint or the incident happened on or off campus. The following rights are provided in writing to the victim/complainant:
• To seek or not to seek criminal charges and/or file a University disciplinary complaint.
• To request protection from harm or threat of harm arising out of cooperation with law enforcement and prosecution efforts and to be provided information on the level of protection available.
• Not be required to keep the outcome of the university’s results confidential, or be prohibited from discussing the case.
• To appeal the outcome of a disciplinary proceeding.
• Be informed of their options to notify law enforcement.
• To receive written notification about existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, financial assistance and other social services available to victims, both within the institution and in the community including how to apply for all of these services.
• UW-River Falls will provide written notification to victims of options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures. The University will identify all available living and academic options to the victim. UW-River Falls will make such accommodations as requested by victim if they are reasonably available; regardless of whether or not the victim chooses to report the crime to campus or local law enforcement; and UW-River Falls must provide all available options to victim. UW-River Falls must comply with victim’s request for living/academic change. All protective measures will be keep confidential to the extent possible.
• To obtain a free forensic exam from a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) without filing a police report or involving the police in any way. Other hospital charges may apply.
• The right to a victim advocate of their choosing.
• To access STI (sexually transmitted infection) testing and treatment, emergency contraception, and pregnancy testing in the community.
• To request and have access to their own medical, mental health, Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE), campus disciplinary, and/or victim advocacy services.
• To have options for offering their testimony in a campus disciplinary hearing, including via phone, video conferencing, written statement or with a room partition between the parties.
• Regardless of whether offense occurred on or off campus all of the above options are available. For more information, please visit websites for Student Conduct And Community Standards at https://www.uwrf.edu/StudentConductAndCommunityStandards/ or Student Health And Counseling at https://www.uwrf.edu/StudentHealthAndCounseling/

Rights of Parties

The following rights are provided to both the victim/complainant and the accused/respondent:

• Interim, protective, and supportive measures will be offered to both parties starting with initial contact. This may include, but is not limited to: change in living environment, no contact orders, adjustments to academic courses, counseling and health services, safe walks, change in on campus work schedules, restrictions from areas of campus, assistance with immigration status.
• The university treats all cases of this nature to be highly confidential in nature. Only parties with a determined need to know will be provided information, and only the minimum information necessary for their assistance in the case.
• The process of investigation and final decision will be a prompt, fair, and impartial process with a goal of achieving the final result in 60 days or less.
• University officials in this process will not have a conflict of interest. Officials will also have undergone annual training in procedures to help protect the safety of victims and promotes accountability for behaviors harmful to the university community. Topic specific trainings on dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking will also be provided to all appropriate officials.
• Parties are allowed to be accompanied by an advisor of their choice to all meetings, conferences or hearings. This advisor can be a family member, friend, advocate and even an attorney. The advisor may have restrictions on the level in which they may participate in the proceedings. The university will share this in advance if notified an advisor is attending.
• Any and all results of any proceedings will be shared with each party at all steps and/or levels of the process. This includes initial and interim measures as well as final results of a conference or hearing. Results will include any findings of policy violations and resulting sanctions should any be assigned. If appropriate, next steps such as instructions how to request an appeal will be included in the notice. Notice can be done by email, phone or in person.

• Notification of any changes made to the results of the proceedings prior to those results becoming final.
• All parties to the disciplinary proceedings shall have the right to access the record of the disciplinary proceedings. No other individuals shall have the ability to access this information. In the event that the crime or violation results in death of the victim, the right to disclosure shall pass to the victim’s next of kin.

Sanctions

The disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for nonacademic misconduct by a student, in accordance with UWS 17.11 to 17.13, are any of the following:

(a) A written reprimand.
(b) Denial of specified university privileges.
(c) Payment of restitution.
(d) Educational or service sanctions, including community service.
(e) Disciplinary probation.
(f) Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status.
(g) Removal from a course in progress.
(h) Enrollment restrictions on a course or program.
(i) Suspension.
(j) Expulsion.
As per UWS Chapter 17.12(4)(b), at all times, the respondent shall have the opportunity to hear and respond to the information presented against her or him and be afforded the opportunity to present questions to adverse witnesses, including the complainant. Hearing procedures may be modified to allow the complainant to provide information in a manner that prevents a hostile environment. Such modifications may include, but are not limited to, having the complainant and respondent pose questions to each other through their respective advisors or the hearing committee.

**VAWA Sanctions**

For non-academic disciplinary violations which are based on VAWA violations (sexual assault, stalking, domestic violence, and dating violence) the sanction is subject to the circumstance and finder of fact. The disciplinary sanctions may include in accordance with UWS 17.11 to 17.13, are any of the following:

(a) A written reprimand.
(b) Denial of specified university privileges.
(c) Payment of restitution.
(d) Educational or service sanctions, including community service.
(e) Disciplinary probation.
(f) Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status.
(g) Removal from a course in progress.
(h) Enrollment restrictions on a course or program.
(i) Suspension.
(j) Expulsion.

**Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code UWS 17**

UWS Chapter 17 is a part of the University of Wisconsin Administrative Code and was adopted by the Board of Regents as a set of disciplinary procedures for the University System. It defines conduct by students that may result in University discipline because it causes harm either to another member of the University community or to the University itself. UWS Chapter 17 also describes the sanctions which may be imposed and the procedures for carrying out disciplinary actions. Due process for students accused of misconduct is an important part of these procedures. (Note: Academic misconduct is covered in UWS Chapter 14. UWS Chapters 17 and 18 apply to nonacademic student misconduct; faculty and academic staff are governed by UWS Chapters 4, 7, and 11.)

Nonacademic misconduct policies cover a broad spectrum of conduct involving students’ behavior wherever it takes place. A student may be subject to discipline for conduct that is or already has been the subject of criminal action. This means that a student ticketed or arrested by law enforcement may also be subject to misconduct proceedings. A student may also be subject to discipline for conduct occurring in University Housing. (Note: See the UWS Chapter 17 policies for a complete description of offenses & penalties; see the UWS Chapter 17 procedures for campus specific implementation guidelines.)

**UWS 17.09 Conduct Subject to Disciplinary Action**

In accordance with s. UWS 17.08, the university may discipline a student for engaging in, attempting to engage in, or assisting others to engage in any of the following types of nonacademic misconduct:

1. **DANGEROUS CONDUCT.** Conduct that endangers or threatens the health or safety of oneself or
another person.

(2) SEXUAL ASSAULT. Conduct defined in s. 940.225, Stats. (See the State of Wisconsin Crime Statutes and Definitions section of this document).

(3) STALKING. Conduct defined in s. 940.32, Stats. (See the State of Wisconsin Crime Statutes and Definitions section of this document).

(4) HARASSMENT. Conduct defined in s. 947.013, Stats. (See the State of Wisconsin Crime Statutes and Definitions section of this document).

(5) HAZING. Conduct defined in s. 948.51, Stats.

(6) ILLEGAL USE, POSSESSION, MANUFACTURE, OR DISTRIBUTION OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. Use, possession, manufacture, or distribution of alcoholic beverages or of marijuana, narcotics, or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law or university policy.

(7) UNAUTHORIZED USE OF OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY. Unauthorized possession of, use of, moving of, tampering with, damage to, or destruction of university property or the property of others.

(8) DISRUPTION OF UNIVERSITY-AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. Conduct that obstructs or impairs university-run or university-authorized activities, or that interferes with or impedes the ability of a person to participate in university-run or university-authorized activities.

(9) FORGERY OR FALSIFICATION. Unauthorized possession of or fraudulent creation, alteration, or misuse of any university or other governmental document, record, key, electronic device, or identification.

(10) MISUSE OF COMPUTING RESOURCES. Conduct that involves any of the following:
   (a) Failure to comply with laws, license agreements, and contracts governing university computer network, software, and hardware use.
   (b) Use of university computing resources for unauthorized commercial purposes or personal gain.
   (c) Failure to protect a personal password or university-authorized account.
   (d) Breach of computer security, invasion of privacy, or unauthorized access to university computing resources.

(11) FALSE STATEMENT OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY REGARDING A UNIVERSITY MATTER. Making a knowingly false oral or written statement to any university employee or agent of the university regarding a university matter, or refusal to comply with a reasonable request on a university matter.

(12) VIOLATION OF CRIMINAL LAW. Conduct that constitutes a criminal offense as defined by state or federal law.

(13) SERIOUS AND REPEATED VIOLATIONS OF MUNICIPAL LAW. Serious and repeated off-campus violations of municipal law.

(14) VIOLATION OF CH. UWS 18. Conduct that violates Ch. UWS 18, including, but not limited to, provisions regulating fire safety, theft, and dangerous weapons.

(15) VIOLATION OF UNIVERSITY RULES. Conduct that violates any published university rules, regulations, or policies, including provisions contained in university contracts with students.

(16) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS. Conduct that violates a sanction, requirement, or restriction imposed in connection with previous disciplinary action.

UWS 17.11 Disciplinary Procedure

(1) PROCESS. The investigating officer may proceed in accordance with this section to impose, subject to hearing and appeal rights, one or more of the disciplinary sanctions listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1).

(2) CONFERENCE WITH STUDENT. When the investigating officer concludes that proceedings under this section are warranted, the investigating officer shall promptly contact the student in person, by telephone, or by electronic mail to offer to discuss the matter with the student. The purpose of this discussion is to permit the investigating officer to review with the student the basis for his or her belief that the student engaged in nonacademic misconduct, and to afford the student an opportunity to respond. If the student
does not respond to the investigating officer’s offer to discuss the matter, the investigating officer may
proceed to make a determination on the basis of the available information.

(3) DETERMINATION BY THE INVESTIGATING OFFICER THAT NO DISCIPLINARY
SANCTION IS WARRANTED. If, as a result of a discussion under sub. (2) or review of available
information, the investigating officer determines that nonacademic misconduct did not in fact occur, or
that no disciplinary sanction is warranted under the circumstances, the matter will be considered resolved
without the necessity for further action.

(4) PROCESS FOLLOWING DETERMINATION BY THE INVESTIGATING OFFICER THAT
NONACADEMIC MISCONDUCT OCCURRED. (a) If, as a result of a discussion under sub. (2) or
review of available information, the investigating officer determines that nonacademic misconduct did
occur and that one or more of the disciplinary sanctions listed under s. UWS 17.10 (1) should be
recommended, the investigating officer shall prepare a written report which shall contain all of the
following:
1. A description of the alleged misconduct.
2. A description of all information available to the university regarding the alleged misconduct. Such
information shall be available to the student upon request, except as may be precluded by applicable state
or federal law.
4. Notice of the student’s right to a hearing.
5. A copy of this chapter and of the institutional procedures adopted to implement this section.
6. The written report shall be delivered to the student.
7. A student who receives a written report under this section has the right to a hearing under s. UWS 17.12
to contest the determination that nonacademic misconduct occurred, the choice of disciplinary sanctions,
or both.
   a. Where the disciplinary sanction sought is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (a) to (g), and if the
student desires a hearing, the student shall file a written request with the student affairs officer within 10
days of the date the written report is delivered to the student. If the student does not request a hearing
within this period, the determination of nonacademic misconduct shall be regarded as final, and the
disciplinary sanction sought shall be imposed.
   b. Where the disciplinary sanction sought is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (h) to (j), the
investigating officer shall forward a copy of the written report under par. (b) to the student affairs officer.
The student affairs officer shall, upon receipt of the written report, proceed under s. UWS 17.12 to
schedule a hearing on the matter. A hearing shall be conducted unless the student waives, in writing, the
right to such a hearing.

History: CR 08–099: cr. Register August 2009 No. 644, eff. 9–1–09; correction to (1) (title) made
under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 2., Stats., Register August 2009 No. 644

UWS 17.12 Hearing

(1) A student who requests a hearing, or for whom a hearing is scheduled under s. UWS 17.11 (4) (c)
shall have the right to decide whether the matter will be heard by a hearing examiner or a hearing
committee.

(2) If a student requests a hearing under s. UWS 17.11 (4) (c) 1., or a hearing is required to be scheduled
under s. UWS 17.11 (4) (c) 2., the student affairs officer shall take the necessary steps to convene the
hearing and shall schedule it within 15 days of receipt of the request or written report. The hearing shall
be conducted within 45 days of receipt of the request or written report, unless a different time period is
mutually agreed upon by the student and investigating officer, or is ordered or permitted by the hearing
examiner or committee.

(3) No less than 5 days in advance of the hearing, the hearing examiner or committee shall obtain from the
investigating officer, in writing, a full explanation of the facts upon which the determination of
misconduct was based, and shall provide the student with access to or copies of the investigating officer’s explanation, together with any other materials provided to the hearing examiner or committee by the investigating officer, including any additional available information of the type described in s. UWS 17.11 (4) (a) 2.

(4) The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the following guidance and requirements:

(a) The hearing process shall further the educational purposes and reflect the university context of nonacademic misconduct proceedings. The process need not conform to state or federal rules of criminal or civil procedure, except as expressly provided in ch. UWS 17.

(b) The student shall have the right to question adverse witnesses, the right to present information and witnesses, the right to be heard on his or her own behalf, and the right to be accompanied by an advisor of the student’s choice. The advisor may be a lawyer. In cases where the recommended disciplinary sanction is identified in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (a) to (h), the advisor may counsel the student, but may not directly question adverse witnesses, present information or witnesses, or speak on behalf of the student except at the discretion of the hearing examiner or committee. In cases where the recommended disciplinary sanction is identified in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (i) or (j), or where the student has been charged with a crime in connection with the same conduct for which the disciplinary sanction is sought, the advisor may question adverse witnesses, present information and witnesses, and speak on behalf of the student. In accordance with the educational purposes of the hearing, the student is expected to respond on his or her own behalf to questions asked of him or her during the hearing.

(c) The hearing examiner or committee:

1. Shall admit information that has reasonable value in proving the facts, but may exclude immaterial, irrelevant, or unduly repetitious testimony.
2. Shall observe recognized legal privileges.
3. May take reasonable steps to maintain order, and to adopt procedures for the questioning of a witness appropriate to the circumstances of that witness’s testimony, provided, however, whatever procedure is adopted, the student is allowed to effectively question the witness.

(d) The hearing examiner or committee shall make a record of the hearing. The record shall include a verbatim record of the testimony, which may be a sound recording, and a file of the exhibits offered at the hearing. The student charged with misconduct may access the record, upon the student’s request.

(e) The hearing examiner or committee shall prepare written findings of fact and a written statement of its decision based upon the record of the hearing.

(f) A hearing examiner’s or committee’s finding of nonacademic misconduct shall be based on one of the following:

1. Clear and convincing evidence, when the sanction to be imposed is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (h) to (j).
2. A preponderance of the evidence, when the sanction to be imposed is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (a) to (g).
3. A preponderance of the evidence, regardless of the sanction to be imposed, in all cases of sexual harassment and sexual assault.

(g) The hearing examiner or committee may impose one or more of the disciplinary sanctions listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (a) to (g) that differs from the recommendation of the investigating officer. Sanctions under s. UWS 17.10 (1) (h) to (j) may not be imposed unless previously recommended by the investigating officer.

(h) The hearing shall be conducted by the hearing examiner or committee, and the university’s case against the student shall be presented by the investigating officer or his or her designee.

(i) The decision of the hearing examiner or committee shall be prepared within 14 days of the hearing, and delivered to the student. The decision shall become final within 14 days of the date on the written decision, unless an appeal is taken under s. UWS 17.13.

(j) If a party fails to appear at a scheduled hearing and to proceed, the hearing examiner or committee may either dismiss the case or, based upon the information provided, find that the student committed the misconduct alleged.
Disciplinary hearings are subject to the Wisconsin open meetings law and may be closed if the student whose case is being heard requests a closed hearing or if the hearing examiner or committee determines that it is necessary to hold a closed hearing, as permitted under the Wisconsin open meetings law. Deliberations of the committee shall be held in closed session, in accordance with s. 19.85, Stats. As such, proper notice and other applicable rules shall be followed.

**UWS 17.13 Appeal to the Chancellor**

(1) Where the sanction prescribed by the hearing examiner or committee is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.10 (1) (h) to (j), the student may appeal to the chief administrative officer within 14 days of the date of the written decision to review the decision of the hearing examiner or committee, based upon the record. In such a case, the chief administrative officer has 30 days from receipt of the student’s appeal to respond and shall sustain the decision of the nonacademic misconduct hearing examiner or committee unless the chief administrative officer finds any of the following:

(a) The information in the record does not support the findings or decision of the hearing examiner or committee.

(b) Appropriate procedures were not followed by the nonacademic misconduct hearing examiner or committee and material prejudice to the student resulted.

(c) The decision was based on factors proscribed by state or federal law.

(2) If the chancellor makes a finding under sub. (1), the chancellor may return the matter for consideration by a different hearing examiner or committee, or may invoke an appropriate remedy of his or her own.

**UWS 17.14 Discretionary Appeal to the Board of Regents**

Institutional decisions under ss. UWS 17.11 to 17.13 shall be final, except that the board of regents may, at its discretion, grant a review upon the record.

**UWS 17.15 Settlement**

The procedures set forth in this chapter allow the university and a student to enter into a settlement agreement regarding the alleged misconduct, after proper notice has been given. Any such agreement and its terms shall be in writing and signed by the student and the investigating officer or student affairs officer. The case is concluded when a copy of the signed agreement is delivered to the student.

**UWS 17.16 Effect of Discipline within the Institution**

A student who, at the time of commencement, is subject to a continuing disciplinary sanction under s. UWS 17.10 (1) or unresolved disciplinary charges as a result of a report under s. UWS 17.11, shall not be awarded a degree during the pendency of the sanction or disciplinary proceeding.

**UWS 17.17 Effect of Suspension or Expulsion within the University System**

(1) Suspension or expulsion shall be system wide in effect and shall be noted on an individual’s transcript, with suspension noted only for the duration of the suspension period.

(2) A student who is suspended from one institution in the University of Wisconsin System may not enroll in another institution in the system until the suspension has expired by its own terms, except as provided in s. UWS 17.18.

(3) A student who is expelled from one institution in the University of Wisconsin System may not enroll in another institution in the system, except as provided in s. UWS 17.18.

(4) A person who is in a state of suspension or expulsion from the university under this chapter, or who leaves or withdraws from the university while under nonacademic misconduct charges under this chapter, may not be present on any campus without the written consent of the chief administrative officer of that campus.
(5) Upon completion of a suspension period, a student who is academically eligible may re-enroll in the institution which suspended him or her, provided all conditions from previous disciplinary sanctions have been met.

**UWS 17.19 Emergency Suspension**

(1) The chief administrative officer may impose an emergency suspension on a student, pending final institutional action on a report of nonacademic misconduct, in accordance with the procedures of this section.

(2) The chief administrative officer of each institution may impose an emergency suspension on a student when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) The investigating officer has made a reasonable attempt to offer the student the opportunity for discussion, either in person or by telephone.

(b) The investigating officer recommends a sanction of suspension or expulsion.

(c) The chief administrative officer concludes, based on the available information, that the misconduct occurred and that the student’s continued presence on campus meets one or more of the following conditions:

1. Would constitute a potential for serious harm to the student.
2. Would constitute a potential for serious harm to others.
3. Would pose a threat of serious disruption of university–run or university–authorized activities.
4. Would constitute a potential for serious damage to university facilities or property.

(3) If the chief administrative officer determines that an emergency suspension is warranted under sub. (2), he or she shall promptly have written notification of the emergency suspension delivered to the student. The chief administrative officer’s decision to impose an emergency suspension shall be effective immediately when delivered to the student and is final.

(4) Where an emergency suspension is imposed, the hearing on the underlying allegations of misconduct shall be held, either on or outside of university lands, within 21 days of the imposition of the emergency suspension, unless the student agrees to a later date.

(5) An emergency suspension imposed in accordance with this section shall be in effect until the decision in the hearing on the underlying charges pursuant to s. UWS 17.12 is rendered or the chief administrative officer rescinds the emergency suspension. In no case shall an emergency suspension remain in effect for longer than 30 days, unless the student agrees to a longer period.

(6) If the chief administrative officer determines that none of the conditions specified in sub. (2) (c) are present, but that misconduct may have occurred, the case shall proceed in accordance with s. UWS 17.12.
APPENDIX “A”

UW-River Falls Emergency Notification and Timely Warning Policy

PURPOSE:
To establish the parameters for Timely Warnings and Emergency Notifications for compliance with the "Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act" as amended in 2008 (commonly referred to as the "Clery Act") for the University of Wisconsin — River Falls.

Definitions

Emergency Notification An announcement to inform the campus community about a “significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus.” “Immediate threat” is defined as an imminent or impending threat which could include a significant fire, outbreak of a serious illness, extreme weather conditions, gas leak, armed suspect, terrorist incident, bomb threat, civil unrest, explosion, chemical spill, or other dangerous situation. More information can be found on the UWRF Police Department website.

Timely Warning UWRF is required to alert the campus community to certain crimes in a manner that is timely and will aid in the prevention of similar crimes. This includes crimes where the circumstances indicate that there may be a serious or continuing threat to students or employees. The decision to issue a timely warning must be decided on a case-by-case basis in light of all the facts surrounding a crime, including such factor as:

- The nature of the crime
- The continuing danger to the campus community
- The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

POLICY:

Timely Warnings

UW-River Falls is committed to insuring Timely Warnings are made in a manner that is timely to members of the community of the occurrence of Clery act crimes: Criminal homicide (murder, non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter), Sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest and statutory rape), robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Motor Vehicle theft and Arson or other serious crimes against people that occur on campus or near campus, where it is determined that the incident may pose an on-going threat to the members of the campus community. When time permits, UWRF PD will consult with one or more of the following offices in order to develop Timely Warning notices for the campus community and which segments of the campus are impacted and require notification: Marketing and University Communications, Assistant Chancellor of Business and Finance, Chancellors Office and the Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs. UWRF PD or University Communications will distribute a notification.

Emergency Notification

UW-River Falls is committed to insuring Emergency Notifications are made in a manner that is timely to members of the community. Upon confirmation of an emergency, dangerous situation, or a crime which poses an immediate and/or continuing threat to the health or safety of students, employees, or others, UWRF PD or University Communications will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, determine who and what segments of the campus community to notify and initiate the notification system for the Emergency Notification message to the campus community, unless the notification will, in the professional judgement of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Follow up information is provided as needed. UWRF PD will send Emergency Notification messages, without consultation, when
emergency situations dictate that messages be sent immediately. The previously mentioned offices will assist with follow-up communications to the campus community.

The Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs or his/her designee is authorized to activate the Emergency Notification when it is his/her professional opinion that a health emergency exists. The Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs after will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, determine who and what segments of the campus community to notify and initiate the notification system for the Emergency Notification message to the campus community, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. Follow up information is provided as needed.

**Protocols**

Appropriate protocols will be developed and followed to ensure Emergency Notifications and Timely Warnings are appropriately issued. The Clery Compliance Officer will receive and properly store information related to the decision making process and the notification process related to Emergency Notification and Timely Warning determination.

**Further Information:**

For questions, additional detail, or to request changes to this policy, please contact the Campus Clery Compliance Officer at 715-425-3133, UWRFPD at 715-425-3133 or Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs at 715-425-0720.
UW-River Falls Protocols for Emergency Notification and Timely Warning Under the Clery Act

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act requires institutions of higher education to provide notification of certain types of emergencies or crimes to all members of the campus community. Under the law, there are two different categories of notifications: the Emergency Notification and the Timely Warning.

Emergency Notification

The Clery Act requires institutions to immediately notify the campus community upon confirmation of a significant emergency, dangerous situation or crime which poses an immediate and/or continuing threat to the health or safety of students, employees or others occurring on the campus. "Immediate threat" is defined as an imminent or impending threat which could include a significant fire, outbreak of a severe illness, extreme weather conditions, gas leak, armed suspect, terrorist incident, bomb threat, civil unrest explosion, chemical spill or other dangerous situation. Taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, determine who and what segments of the campus community will be notified.

The Chief of Police or his/her designee or University Communications is authorized to activate the Emergency Notification, without delay, when it is his/her professional opinion that a criminal, facility, or weather emergency exists that satisfies the above criteria. Any member of the police department will send Emergency Notification messages, without consultation, when emergency situations dictate that messages be sent immediately. The Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs or his/her designee is authorized to activate the Emergency Notification when it is his/her professional opinion that a health emergency exists that satisfies the above criteria. If time permits the following may be consulted prior to the issuance of an emergency message:

- Chief of Police or police officer in Chief’s absence
- Marketing and University Communication Director or his/her designee
- Assistant Chancellor of Student Affairs or his/her designee
- Chancellor or his/her designee
- Assistant Chancellor of Business and Finance or his/her designee

Notification, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency, will be provided through one or more of the following: InformaCast, email, website banner, loud speakers and/or campus phone systems as appropriate to the particular situation. Follow up information is provided as needed.

Every effort will be made to notify the Chancellor's Office and the Office of University Communications and Marketing prior to issuing an Emergency Notification, however some serious and imminent threats may not allow for that.

Timely Warning

The Clery Act requires institutions to alert the campus community to the occurrence of Clery Act crimes: criminal homicide (murder, non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter), sex offenses (rape, fondling, incest and statutory rape), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft and arson or other serious crimes against people that occur on campus or near campus, when it is determined that the incident may pose an on-going threat to the members of the campus community certain crimes in a manner that is timely and will aid in the prevention of similar crimes. This includes crimes where the circumstances indicate that there may be a serious or continuing threat to students or employees. The decision to issue a timely warning must be decided on a case-by-case basis in light of all the facts surrounding a crime, including such factors as:
• The nature of the crime
• The continuing danger to the campus community
• The possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

**UW-River Falls Protocol**

When time permits a timely warning will be issued when at least two of the following are in agreement that such warning should be issued:

• Chief of Police or police officer in Chief’s absence
• Marketing and University Communication Director or his/her designee
• Associate Vice Chancellor of Student Affairs or his/her designee
• Chancellor or his/her designee
• Vice Chancellor of Business and Finance or his/her designee

Notification for the campus community and which segments of the campus are impacted and require notification will be done through email, flyers and/or postings as appropriate to the situation. Depending on the circumstances InformaCast, website banner, desktop pop up alerts on lab, classroom and administrative workstations, loud speakers and/or campus phone systems may also be appropriate to the particular situation for the notification.

The Chancellor’s Office and the Office of University Communications and Marketing will be notified prior to issuing a Timely Warning.

**Record Keeping**

Notification decisions will be documented and forwarded to the Clery Compliance Officer.

**Annual Updates**

The University Police Chief, Director of University Communications and Marketing, Assistant Chancellor for Student Affairs and their designees will meet annually to review this protocol, ensure compliance, and evaluate any warnings or notifications that were made.
APPENDIX “B”

Checklist – When You Receive a Bomb Threat

The Checklist should be immediately available. Keep one under your phone or other accessible location. (See next page.)

All personnel should become familiar with the following Bomb Threat Checklist (see other side). It may become the only means of determining what happened and may be the only way to determine the validity of a call and could aid in identifying and apprehending the caller.

**Bomb Threat Checklist - (stay calm and collect all the information you can)**

Name of person who received threat:____________________________

Date and time threat received:____________________________________

How was threat reported: ☐ Telephone ☐ E-mail ☐ Voice-mail ☐ In person Fax:___

Give phone number (include area code)

By Mail Carrier (e.g. Fed Ex): ☐ Campus ☐ US Mail ☐ Courier

Location threatened (give name of bldg/dept/site/agency, etc.):____________________________

Exact words used to make the threat (if possible):____________________________

**Questions to ask the person who is making the threat:**

1. When is the bomb going to explode?____________________________
2. Where is the bomb located?____________________________
3. What kind of bomb is it?____________________________
4. What does it look like?____________________________
5. Who placed the bomb?____________________________
6. Why was the bomb placed?____________________________
7. Where are you calling from?____________________________

**Description of the caller’s voice (give identity if known):**

Caller’s name____________________________ ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Young ☐ Old ☐ Middle-aged ☐ Accent ____________________________

Race____________________________ Tone of voice (e.g. excited, calm angry, loud, stuttered)

Was Voice/Language: ☐ Taped ☐ Well-spoken ☐ Irrational ☐ Is voice familiar?

If yes, who did it sound like?____________________________________

Other voice characteristics:____________________________________

Background or other noises:____________________________________

Remarks:____________________________________________________

Completed by:________________________________ Phone:________________________
APPENDIX “C”
Policy on Violence and Threats

PURPOSE:
The University of Wisconsin-River Falls is committed to maintaining for its employees, students and visitors an environment that is free from intimidation, threats and violent acts. A safe and secure environment is a fundamental prerequisite for fulfilling UW-River Falls’ mission of teaching, research and public service.

POLICY:
UW-River Falls will not tolerate any act or threat of violence made in the workplace, on university lands, or while in work status. After receiving a report of threats or violence, the University will conduct an immediate investigation and respond with the appropriate action.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT:
No person may engage in violent conduct or make threats of violence, implied or direct, on university lands or in connection with university business. This includes but is not limited to:

- The use of force with the intent to cause harm, e.g. physical attacks, any unwanted contact such as hitting, fighting, pushing, or throwing objects;
- Acts or threats which are intended to intimidate, coerce, or cause fear of harm;
- Acts or threats made directly or indirectly by words, gestures or symbols.

No person may carry, possess or use any dangerous weapon on university lands or in university buildings or facilities, except with the written approval of the chief administrative officer or for law enforcement purposes. No person may display or portray as real any object that resembles a dangerous weapon. UWS 18.06(10).

REPORTING PROCEDURES:
Employees and students are expected to report any threat or act of violence which they have witnessed, received, or have been informed of, to University Police and:

- If an employee is involved, also notify the supervisor;
- If a student is involved, also notify the Director of Student Conduct and Community Standards.

All employees and students are expected to notify University Police whenever a protective restraining order is granted which mentions university lands, or involves a University employee or student, or a person working at the University, and provide a copy of the order. Employees should also notify their supervisor. Students should also notify the Director of Student Conduct and Community Standards. Appropriate effort will be made to protect the privacy and sensitivity of the information provided.