Guidance on Political Campaign Activities at UWRF

This document provides general guidelines for employees and students of the University of Wisconsin-River Falls who wish to engage in an important but strictly regulated activity: political campaign involvement. This document is not intended as a source of definitive legal advice on the specific situations discussed below, nor is it a comprehensive legal manual that addresses all political campaign activity.

In addition to the general guidance below, certain university employees holding highly visible positions, or those who serve in a liaison capacity with state and federal legislators, should be aware of the ethical and practical consequences of political campaign involvement as well as the basic legal issues, such as the application of state and federal lobbying rules to the activities of state university employees.

If you have a specific question regarding political campaign issues, please consult the Office of Chancellor or the UW System Office of the General Counsel for further guidance.

What follows is a list of frequently asked questions concerning political campaign activity at UW System Institutions.

I. Guidance for UWRF Employees

1. What is political campaign activity?

Political campaign activity includes not only solicitation of campaign contributions, service in furtherance of candidates, political parties and political action committees, and advocating a particular position on a referendum, but also promoting action on issues which have become highly identified as dividing issues between the candidates. Further, comments regarding the specific actions, positions, or records of a particular candidate may be perceived as support or endorsement by the institution of a particular candidate or political party.

There are other "political" activities that might not fall within the scope of political campaign activities as discussed in this guidance. For example, advocating for governmental action or legislative change, at a local, state or federal level, may be political although not related to a political campaign. While this guidance does not cover those activities in detail, because of restrictions on state lobbying and personal use of state resources, individual employees should not use state work time or state resources to engage in political activities unless expressly designated with this responsibility on behalf of the institution.

2. As a university employee, are there restrictions on my political campaign activity?

Yes. As a university employee, your political campaign activities are restricted by Regent policy and state law in three significant ways: (1) You may not engage in political campaign activities during your work time; (2) You may not use state resources to engage in political campaign activities at any time; and (3) You may not solicit contributions or services for a political purpose from other university employees while they are engaged in their official duties.

• State resources include resources such as

- o institutional letterhead and logos
- o office space and other facilities
- office supplies
- o photocopiers
- telephones or facsimile machines
- electronic resources including email, websites, on-line discussion boards, cell phones, or other similar resources.

As a private citizen, you are free to engage in political activities on your own time and with your own resources.

3. As a university employee, may I run for state office?

Yes, but this may affect your employment. Wisconsin law provides that no elective state official may hold any position or be retained in any capacity with any other state agency when the official is paid for his or her service with that agency. Wis. Stat. § 16.417(2)(b). A state university is a "state agency," and therefore an individual elected to state office may not hold a paid position in the University of Wisconsin System.

While the law does not preclude university employees from running for office, if elected, you may not hold a paid position at the university while serving in an elective state office.

<u>Regent Policy Document 20-6</u> provides that, if you wish to be a candidate in a primary election, you must first consult with the appropriate department chair, as well as the dean or director, to determine whether your campaign activity will impair performance of your university duties. If it is determined that the activity will produce some adverse effect, then a reduced-time appointment or a leave of absence would be appropriate for the duration of the campaign.

If you are a candidate in a general election, upon consultation with the appropriate department chair and dean or director, a reduced-time appointment or leave of absence should be arranged.

You may also run for local office. However, your university appointment may be subject to change, depending on the particular office you are seeking.

Service as an elected official on off-hour demand activities (e.g., school boards, city councils, county boards, or local, state or national commissions) would not normally require a reduced appointment or leave of absence but may require the use of vacation/personal holiday time to cover any activities during the workday.

If you separate from the classified service to fill an elective position, state law requires your employer to retain your right of reinstatement for 5 years following termination from classified service, or one year after termination from the elective position, whichever is longer.

For more specific advice relating to classified employees, see OSER-0053-MRS State Employee Political Activity (Classified Civil Service) and Wis. Stat. § 230.40.

4. As a university employee, may I host a political fundraiser off-campus (at my home, for example)?

Yes. This is permissible if you do so on your own time and do not use state resources in connection with this event. In addition, you may not promote the fundraiser or engage in fundraising activities on state time, or in state office buildings. (*See*, Wis. Stat. $\underline{\$ 11.36}$.)

5. As a university employee, may I use a university conference facility or meeting room for political campaign activities?

No. You may not use your university position to secure an on-campus conference or meeting room for the purpose of political campaign activities. However, an organization you are affiliated with may rent campus facilities consistent with the rules that apply to facilities rental by any other private organization. Note that state law strictly prohibits the use of state facilities for political fundraising. (*See also*, Section II.1 below.) Neutrality must be maintained in the use of university facilities; opportunities to use facilities will be equally available to all candidates.

6. As a university employee, may I make contributions to a political campaign or collect signatures for a candidate?

Yes, but only outside of work hours and university facilities. All UWRF employees, including legislative liaisons and other employees who attempt to influence legislation, may contribute to and participate in political campaigns at any time during the election cycle. Pursuant to state campaign finance laws, however, campaign contributions and services for a political purpose (such as collecting signatures for nomination papers) cannot be solicited or collected on state time or in state office buildings. (*See*, Wis. Stat. § 11.36.)

On a related topic, you may in some cases be required to identify yourself and your employer when you make campaign contributions, which then becomes a matter of public record. (See section 11.06(1)(a, b), Wis. Stats. and ElBd 1.46(1,2) Wis. Adm. Code)

7. May I permit an organization to list my name and employment title as a supporter in its political campaign literature—for example, in a letter to a newspaper, a brochure or a fundraiser invitation?

Yes. Care should be taken, however, about using your official title to promote one candidate over another. Whenever possible, you should seek to clarify that the use of your name indicates neither support nor endorsement by the university of a particular candidate, and that you are acting solely in your role as a private citizen.

On a related topic, you may in some cases be required to identify yourself and your employer when you make campaign contributions, which then becomes a matter of public record. (*See*, Wis. Stat. § 11.06(1)(a,b) and EIBd 1.46(1,2), Wis. Admin. Code.)

8. May I support a candidate by wearing political identification or buttons on campus? May I demonstrate my support for a candidate in my office or classroom by displaying stickers, slogans or signs in those places?

It is a violation of state law for university employees to engage in political campaign activities while at work. Consistent with this principle, the State Office of Employment Relations advises that state employees are prohibited from "the wearing of a political identification while on duty where it could impair the effectiveness of the state agencies' operation." (*See* <u>OSER-0053-MRS State Employee Political</u> <u>Activity (Classified Civil Service)</u>) Accordingly, university employees should carefully consider the impact of wearing such political identifications while on duty.

Similar concerns are implicated in the workplace display of partisan political signs. As directed by Administrative Policy Paper 7, post or attach any signs, posters, pictures or any similar item in or on a university building, except as authorized by Administrative Policy Paper 7, "Sign Posting Policy" available at http://www.uwrf.edu/administration/policies/ad_pol/adpol7.html. (See, Section II.5 below for guidance on the posting of political signs in residence hall rooms.)

The posting policies of the University Center, the Chalmer Davee Library, and the residence halls are not covered by Administrative Policy Paper 7. Questions regarding the posting of materials in the residence halls and University Center should be directed to the Division of Student Affairs at 715-425-4444. Questions regarding the posting of materials in the Chalmer Davee Librar

The display of bumper stickers on privately-owned vehicles parked in university parking facilities, however, does not raise concerns about improper or illegal political campaign activities.

II. Guidance for UW Students and Recognized Student Groups

1. As a university student or university-recognized student group, may I organize a political event to be hosted on my campus?

Yes. Political events may be sponsored by either recognized or independent student organizations under certain circumstances. In fact, student groups are particularly encouraged to arrange non-partisan events such as campus tours for legislators and candidates, as well as to sponsor forums in which political figures or candidates may debate one another.

Student groups wishing to organize such events should contact the UWRF reservations office at 3711 to ensure compliance with UW System policies on use of university facilities (Wis. Admin. Code § <u>UWS 21.03</u>) as well as Administrative Policy Paper 19, "Use of University Facilities" (http://www.uwrf.edu/administration/policies/ad_pol/adpol19.html),

Please note, however, that state law strictly prohibits the use of state-owned buildings for political fundraising. In addition, student organizations that have federal tax-exempt status may be subject to additional restrictions on political activity.

2. Can student groups utilize segregated fees or university resources to contribute to a political campaign?

No. In accordance with UW System Financial and Administrative Policies ($\underline{F50}$) and consistent with campaign finance law, student groups may not use segregated fees to make direct gifts, contributions, or donations to political campaigns or candidates.

3. May segregated fees be used to fund the printing of posters, political advertisements, or t-shirts indicating our group's support of a candidate or political party?

As discussed above, student organizations may not use segregated fees in a manner which would constitute making a direct gift, contribution, or donation to a particular candidate or political party. Accordingly, if the funding of these materials constitutes a gift, contribution or donation to a candidate or party, it would not be permitted. Student organizations may, however, use segregated fees to support their own expressive activities and views on public policy issues and other interests.

Questions about appropriate uses of segregated fees should be referred to Division of Student Affairs at 715-425-4444.

4. Can student organizations urge students to vote? What about voting for a particular party, or for a particular candidate?

Yes. Student organizations are encouraged to help educate and inform students about upcoming elections, including urging students to exercise their right to vote. Student organizations are also free to express their views about the parties and candidates, and to urge voting for particular parties or candidates, and--as noted above--to sponsor events for candidates so long as they comply with Administrative Policy Paper 19, "Use of University Facilities"

(http://www.uwrf.edu/administration/policies/ad_pol/adpol19.html)

5. As a university student, may I display a partisan political sign in my residence hall room?

Yes. So long as you comply with university and residence hall policies governing the posting of signs in dormitory rooms, and any other applicable time, place, and manner restrictions, such activity would be permissible. (*See*, Wis. Admin. Code § 18.06(17).)

III. Political Activity on Campus

1. What types of educational events may the campus engage in to encourage voter education and participation?

The campus may host non-partisan events to encourage voter education and participation, such as candidate forums and voter registration efforts. These activities must be non-partisan for the sole purpose of voter education. If candidates are invited on campus, all legally qualified candidates must be invited and given an equal opportunity to speak and participate. Permissible activities include speeches, question and answer sessions, debates, or similar activities. A statement should be given that the university does not endorse nor oppose any of the candidates. The UW System policy on the use of university facilities (Wis. Admin. Code § UWS 21) and relevant institutional policies apply. Please note that state law strictly prohibits the use of state-owned buildings for political fundraising. Electronic resources may also be used for non-partisan voter education purposes. For example, a university web page with current election information may include a link to candidates' web sites if the web page includes all legally qualified candidates and excludes any commentary in support or against a candidate, express or implied. Again, a statement should be given that the university does not endorse nor oppose any of the candidates. If discussion space is provided, the university should include a disclaimer that the opinions

expressed on the discussion board do not represent those of the university. Websites used for voter education purposes should be regularly monitored to ensure that they are not modified for the purposes of advocating for a particular candidate or political party.

2. Is it important that institutions sponsor political events that offer opportunities to all candidates seeking election to the same political office?

Yes. A balanced approach is expected. For example, all campaigns of candidates seeking election to the same political office should be offered the same or a similar opportunity to participate in a university-sponsored event. However, if, when offered the opportunity, one or more candidates decline, it is still appropriate to host the event for those who have accepted the invitation.

It should be noted, however, that the same principle does not necessarily apply to candidates who speak to a class at the invitation of an instructor. For example, a professor who invites a Republican legislator to speak to a class on the history of the Republican Party is not obligated to invite the legislator's Democratic opponent. The invitation, however, should relate to the course material and should not be for the purpose of advancing one political candidate over another.

3. May individuals or candidates distribute campaign literature on campus?

Yes. Campaigning is permitted in public areas at UW institutions, subject to institutional policies concerning the time, place and manner for conducting such activities. Similarly, distribution of political literature and campaigning may be conducted in residence halls, subject to institutional policies governing the time, place and manner for engaging in such activities.

4. Do candidates and political organizations have access to mailing lists of faculty, students and staff?

Yes, to the extent that this information is available to the public. Some campuses provide this information in their staff and student directories that are available for purchase to the public. Other campuses may supply employee and student mailing lists upon request, with a fee charged at the time of request in order to cover the costs of generating the lists.

University employees and students who choose not to have this information disclosed are annually offered the opportunity to have their names and home addresses withheld from these mailing lists.

5. Are institutions required to charge candidates who attend campus receptions? What about legislators who are currently in office?

The general rule for those currently holding office states that university-sponsored functions are a benefit to the UW System, and not to a particular legislator or party. In these cases, there should be no charge to state legislators or officials. However, care should be taken to comply with applicable ethical and legal requirements (see generally, Wis. Stats. <u>§§19.45(3m)</u> and <u>19.56</u>), including restrictions on the use of federal funds for lobbying purposes and limits on the circumstances in which

legislators and state officials may receive hospitality such as food or athletic tickets in connection with events or parties hosted by a campus.